



UNIVERSITY OF
LINCOLN

**University General Regulations
2013 / 2014**

University General Regulations 2013/2014

These University General Regulations supersede all previous University Regulations which are hereby revoked.

These Regulations apply to all students, staff and to all University awards. In addition, students are governed by the following which form part of the University Regulations:

- Undergraduate Regulations
- Foundation Degree Awards
- Graduate Diploma/Certificate Awards
- Higher National Programme Awards
- Integrated Masters Degrees
- Taught Postgraduate Regulations
- Research Degree Regulations for MA/MSc by Research, MPhil and PhD
- Professional Doctorate Regulations
- Short Courses and Individual Modules at Undergraduate and Postgraduate Level

These Regulations take effect for all students and staff from the date of publication.

These Regulations may at any time be amended or added to by the University.

These English language Regulations are the only authentic version of the University Regulations. Any dispute arising under these Regulations will be resolved in the English language.

It is the responsibility of students and staff to acquaint themselves with these Regulations.

31 August 2013

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PART A – REGULATIONS GOVERNING ACADEMIC OFFENCES

A1 Academic Offences

1.1 Every student is entitled to receive, in a programme or course handbook, guidance on the relevant discipline conventions governing such matters as sound scholarship, originality of expression, citation, attribution, referencing, bibliography, acceptability of quotation, plagiarism, collusion and cheating in examinations.

1.2 The following are examples of academic offences in respect of assessment:

- (i) **Collusion:** A student colludes when he or she submits work for assessment done in collaboration with another person as entirely his or her own work, or collaborates with another student to complete work which is submitted as that other student's work. Collusion does not apply in the case of the submission of group projects, or assessments that are intended to be produced collaboratively.
- (ii) **Misleading material:** Inclusion of data which has been invented or obtained by unfair means or an academic offence; or re-submission in whole or in part, without proper acknowledgement, of any work by the student for which credit has already been claimed as part of the same or another award. It is also an academic offence to solicit via an illicit source - including the internet - material which could provide an unfair advantage in respect of work to be submitted for assessment; an example of this would be offering to pay another person to provide material or otherwise to assist in producing work for assessment.
- (iii) **Plagiarism:** Plagiarism is the passing off of another person's thoughts, ideas, writings or images as one's own. A student commits plagiarism when he or she incorporates in his or her own work substantial unacknowledged portions of another person's material, or attempts to pass off such work as original through its inclusion. In this context, substantial means more than trivial or minimal.
- (iv) **Cheating:** Any irregular behaviour during examinations such as the unauthorised possession of notes; the copying of another candidate's work; the use of programmable calculators and other equipment when this has been forbidden; the unauthorised obtaining of examination papers.
- (v) **Misconduct in Research:** The fabrication or falsification of data; misrepresentation of data and/or interests and or involvement, or the failure to follow accepted procedures or to exercise due care in carrying out responsibilities for avoiding unreasonable risk or harm to research subjects or participants or the environment. This would also include improper handling of privileged or private information on individuals collected during the research.

The above list is not exhaustive.

1.3 The commission of an academic offence removes any right to reassessment conferred by Scheme and/or Award Regulations.

Academic Offences and Extenuating Circumstances

- 1.4 Regulation A5.8.13 of the Undergraduate Regulations states: 'A claim for extenuating circumstances shall not be available to a student as a means to avoid an application of these Regulations to allegations of having committed an academic offence in relation to assessment.' There is provision in these Regulations for the situation where an academic offence is alleged against a student who is claiming that his or her performance has been affected by extenuating circumstances.

Procedure

- 1.5 Allegations of the commission of academic offences may be dealt with either by a summary procedure or by a full investigatory procedure.

A2 University Academic Offences Committee

- 2.1 No person previously involved in either the allegation or its investigation shall take part in the proceedings of the University Academic Offences Committee when discussing the alleged academic offence or, if proved, the penalty to be applied. After a finding that a student has committed an academic offence the Committee shall consider the penalty to apply.
- 2.2 After a finding that a student has committed an academic offence, the University Academic Offences Committee shall recommend a penalty having taken into consideration all the evidence presented and the following:
- (i) **Premeditation:** A planned act shall normally be considered more serious than an impulsive action.
 - (ii) **Continuity:** The commission of an academic offence on more than one occasion may be dealt with more severely than a single act.
 - (iii) **Scale and Extent:** Extensive use of academic misconduct may be dealt with more severely than a lesser amount.
 - (iv) **Theft of Materials:** Where the academic offence involves the theft of another person's assessed work it may be dealt with more severely.
 - (v) **Other Students:** Where the academic offence adversely affects other students it may be dealt with more severely.
- 2.3 After consideration of i - v the University Academic Offences Committee shall make recommendations as it thinks fit to the appropriate Board of Examiners. The recommendations shall include whether or not to restore the right to reassessment as specified in Scheme and/or Award Regulations; and the imposition of one of the following penalties:
- (a) To take no further action.

- (b) To warn the student against any future academic offence, but impose no other penalty.
- (c) To record a mark of zero for the piece of assessed work or examination only.
- (d) To record a mark of zero for every assessment item within the unit/module.
- (e) To record a mark of zero for every assessment item within all units/modules taken during the semester concerned.
- (f) To record a mark of zero for every assessment item within all units/modules during the academic level concerned.
- (g) Record a mark of zero for every assessment item within all units/modules during the academic level concerned. Allow neither re-enrolment nor reassessment.
- (h) For undergraduate students, to allow an original pass-mark given for the piece of assessed work or examination (the 'merit mark') to stand, and to reduce by a single class the final award to be conferred at the conclusion of the programme of study. As examples of this penalty, a student whose initial calculation indicates an upper second class honours degree should instead have conferred on him/her a lower second class honours degree; or a student whose initial calculation indicates a third class honours degree should instead have conferred on him/her an unclassified honours degree. Where a student is permitted a reassessment opportunity, the capped module mark from the reassessment shall be used for the initial calculation, and the resulting award reduced by a single class as above. Such reductions shall not result in an award below an unclassified honours degree. A student's entitlement to intermediate awards on the basis of credit accumulated prior to the level at which the offence was committed shall not be adversely affected.

In addition, a student found to have committed an academic offence may also be subject to action under the University's Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations.

A3 Appeals Against a Decision of the Academic Offences Committee

- 3.1 The only grounds on which a student may appeal against a decision of the University Academic Offences Committee that he or she has committed an academic offence or the penalty imposed by a Board of Examiners are those grounds specified in Section B2.

ACADEMIC OFFENCES: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

1 Academic Offences in Relation to Assessment

- 1.1 This section applies to the commission by students of academic offences in respect of assessments for a University award. The commission of an academic offence removes the right to re-assessment after initial failure and may result in failure of an award.
- 1.2 Examples of academic offences are cited at A1.2 of the University General Regulations.

2 Procedure

- 2.1 Allegations of the commission of academic offences may be dealt with either by a summary procedure or by a full investigatory procedure.
- 2.2 Where appropriate, allegations of misconduct in research shall be dealt with under the UK Research Integrity Office procedure for the investigation of misconduct in research, and not under the University Academic Offences Regulations.

2.2 Summary Procedure

- 2.2.1 The summary procedure is available in cases where an allegation of an academic offence has been made against a student at Level One or Level Two of an undergraduate (including Foundation degree and Higher National) programme, except where the allegation relates in any way to misconduct in an examination, or where the student has previously had an allegation against him or her upheld.
- 2.2.2 Where a member of the academic staff suspects a student to whom the summary procedure is available of having committed an academic offence, then the Head of School (or equivalent) shall be promptly notified of this and provided with evidence of the grounds on which the suspicion is held.
- 2.2.3 Where the Head of School (or equivalent) considers that there are grounds for pursuing an alleged academic offence, then he or she shall write to the student advising him or her of the right to have the matter dealt with under the summary or the full investigatory procedure and inviting the student to an interview under the summary procedure.
- 2.2.4 If the student chooses to attend an interview with the Head of School (or equivalent), then the Head shall explain the basis of the allegation to the student.
- 2.2.5 If the student provides a satisfactory explanation of the allegation, then the Head of School (or equivalent) shall dismiss the allegation.
- 2.2.6 If the student admits the allegation, then the Head of School (or equivalent) may dispose of the matter by imposing a maximum penalty of awarding a fail mark of

zero per cent for the submitted work and requiring the work to be resubmitted by a specified deadline. In addition, the Head of School (or equivalent) may require the student to receive academic counselling from a member of the academic staff.

2.2.7 If the student neither admits the allegation nor offers a satisfactory explanation, then the matter will be dealt with under the full investigatory procedure.

2.2.8 At partner institutions, the summary procedure shall be conducted by the senior academic staff member with responsibility for higher education.

2.3 Full Investigatory Procedure

2.3.1 It is a principle of the full investigatory procedure that a member of staff involved in one of its stages is disqualified from participation in a later stage.

2.3.2 Where an academic offence has been alleged and the summary procedure is not available to a student or the student elects to have the matter dealt with by a full investigatory investigation, then the following procedure shall apply:

- (i) **Coursework** Where a member of staff suspects that an academic offence has been committed in relation to coursework, he or she shall immediately inform the relevant Head of School (or equivalent).
- (ii) **Examinations** When an invigilator believes a candidate has committed an academic offence in an examination he or she shall confiscate the candidate's examination answer book and endorse it appropriately, and shall confiscate any other relevant evidence. The candidate shall be allowed to proceed with the examination, having been issued with a new examination answer book, unless the student continues with the conduct which raised the suspicion of the academic offence. On conclusion of the examination the invigilator shall submit an incident report to the Registry (Student Administration). A spreadsheet of all reported incidents will be forwarded to the relevant Colleges.

3 Investigatory Interview

3.1 Where an academic offence is alleged, with sufficient supporting evidence, the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee shall arrange for the student to be interviewed promptly by an appropriate member of staff.

3.2 The interview shall be arranged as quickly as possible. The interview shall be conducted by one member of staff, accompanied by one further staff member whose sole role is to take minutes of the interview. Neither member of staff shall be the member of staff making the allegation. The student, at his or her discretion, may be accompanied by a friend who shall be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union.

3.3 The allegation will be explained in full and the student will be allowed to give his or her account, and to provide any defence.

- 3.4 Where appropriate, the interviewer may adjourn the interview to allow further enquiries to be made, such as where the student has introduced information, relating to a defence or explanation, that needs to be substantiated. The outcomes of the enquiries should be communicated to the student, and the interview shall then be resumed as soon as possible.
- 3.5 The minutes of the interview shall be prepared promptly following the interview and submitted to the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee and the student. Where the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee considers that no *prima facie* case has been established no further action shall be taken and he or she shall notify the student accordingly.
- 3.6 A copy of the minutes shall be provided to the student. The student, on the receipt of the minutes of the investigatory interview, shall be allowed to submit any further defence or explanation to the Chair of the University Academic Offences Committee.
- 3.7 Where there appears to be a *prima facie* case of the commission of an academic offence the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee shall, without undue delay, forward all papers to the Chair of the University Academic Offences Committee who shall be responsible for briefing the Committee, and providing members with the minutes of the investigatory interview(s) and any other relevant materials. Where such a *prima facie* case has been established the student shall be notified in writing by the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee.
- 3.8 If, after being given reasonable notice and opportunity to attend an investigatory interview, the student does not attend, the Head of School (or equivalent) or nominee shall determine whether a *prima facie* case exists based on the evidence available. The Head of School (or equivalent) shall then apply sections 3.4 or 3.7 above, as appropriate.
- 3.9 If a *prima facie* case has been forwarded the allegation and the evidence shall be placed before the University Academic Offences Committee, who shall determine whether the alleged academic offence has been committed.

4 University Academic Offences Committee

Regulations pertaining to the Academic Offences Committee are cited at A1 of the University General Regulations.

PART B – DECISIONS OF BOARDS OF EXAMINERS: REVIEW AND APPEAL

For the purposes of Part B and for the Appeal Hearing procedure, a reference to a Board of Examiners shall apply also to the Academic Offences Committee and the University Extenuating Circumstances Panel.

General

On behalf of the University, Boards of Examiners exercise the power to make academic judgments about the attainment of students, their right to progress and their entitlement to have conferred the awards for which they are candidates. The decisions of Boards of Examiners reflect the collective academic experience of the University's teaching staff and the external examiners appointed to the boards. Boards of Examiners take seriously the responsibility to uphold the academic standards of the University.

There are occasions when a student might feel that he or she wishes to dispute the decision of a Board of Examiners. Students are encouraged to raise concerns informally with individuals such as tutors, programme leaders, Academic Officers and staff in Student Services. Frequently matters can be resolved quickly and satisfactorily in this way. When a student is seeking to resolve a dispute informally, those dealing with the student should inform the student about the procedures for review and appeal. Seeking an informal resolution does not take away the student's right to invoke the formal procedure.

Under these regulations, there are two stages to the process in which a student may seek formally to resolve a dispute: by a Review and an Appeal. A student who instigates the Review and Appeal procedures should continue with his or her studies as normal, including studying for reassessment.

B1 Review

- 1.1 Review is a formal means by which a student may call into question the decision of a Board of Examiners. A student may not lodge an Appeal under section B2 unless a Review has been concluded.
- 1.2 Where a student wishes to be reassured that all material circumstances have been taken into account by the Board of Examiners when it arrived at a decision in his or her case, then a request may be made by the student that the Chair of the Board of Examiners reviews the Board's decision.
- 1.3 Save in exceptional and unforeseeable circumstances, a request for a Review must be made within ten working days of a student being formally notified of a decision of a Board of Examiners. The formal Review request must be lodged on the form provided (available from Secretariat). The form requires the student to set out the reasons for requesting a Review and the remedy he or she is seeking. The reasons put forward by the student should explain why he or she believes that had the Board of Examiners been aware of the circumstances set out in the request it would have made a decision which differs from the one it had, in fact, made.
- 1.4 The student must provide all material and evidence that he or she wishes to be considered in support of their Review request at the time that the Review request

is made. Matters of contention not raised at the Review stage cannot be introduced at the Appeal stage should the student remain dissatisfied following the outcome of the Review.

- 1.5 A student may not seek an anonymous Review.
 - 1.6 A third party may represent the student provided the student gives the University written authority to discuss his or her personal affairs with that person. A friend, family member or Students' Union representative may, for example, act as a third party. The student will need to ensure that the representative is thoroughly briefed, kept fully informed and is readily accessible. The University will not correspond with both the student and the representative.
 - 1.7 The Academic Appeals Officer will forward the request to the Chair of the Board of Examiners, who shall review the Board's decision. The Review should normally be completed within 20 working days. In exceptional circumstances it may not be possible to complete the Review within this timeframe. In such a case, at the end of the 20 working day period the Chair of the Board of Examiners must either:
 - (i) inform the Academic Appeals Officer in writing that the Review may proceed directly to the Appeal stage, or
 - (ii) submit in writing to the Academic Appeals Officer the reasons why the Review could not be completed within the 20 working day time limit to agree an extension of no more than 15 working days.
- If a Review has not been completed and the outcome communicated to the Academic Appeals Officer following an extension of no more than 15 working days, the student will have the right to proceed directly to the Appeal stage.
- In conducting a Review, the Chair of the Board of Examiners has the discretion to make enquiries of such persons, including the student, tutors, programme leaders and unit co-ordinators as he or she deems necessary.
- 1.8 In deciding the outcome of the Review, including the nature of the resolution to be offered to the student, the Chair of the Board of Examiners shall take into account the need to ensure the integrity of the standards of the University's awards and the need to guarantee fairness to all students in the assessment process.
 - 1.9 The Chair of the Board of Examiners shall notify the Academic Appeals Officer of the outcome of the Review, giving reasons for the decision. This decision shall be notified to the student in writing by the Academic Appeals Officer. The decision shall also be notified to the Board of Examiners.
 - 1.10 A student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of a Review may apply to lodge an Appeal.

B2 Appeal

- 2.1 Only a student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of a completed Review may apply to lodge an appeal except where the Review has not been completed within the timescale stipulated in B1.7.
- 2.2 A student may lodge an Appeal on the following grounds only:
- (a) that there were extenuating circumstances adversely affecting the student's performance which for valid reason the student did not make known to the Extenuating Circumstances Panel at the appropriate time either in sufficient detail or at all. Normally, the only acceptable valid reasons will be that the student was unable or incapable of bringing the circumstances to the Panel's attention. The student must provide documentary evidence to support their claims.
 - (b) that there was a procedural irregularity in any part of the assessment or other relevant process to which the claim relates, including the interpretation and application of the relevant regulations.
 - (c) that there is evidence of prejudice or of bias.
 - (d) that there was an error in the calculating or recording of the marks upon which the original decision was made.

The following shall not be considered as grounds for Appeal:

- (i) the retrospective reporting of extenuating circumstances which a student might reasonably have been expected to disclose to the Extenuating Circumstances Panel.
 - (ii) marginal failure to attain a higher degree classification.
 - (iii) an appeal against the academic judgement of internal or external examiners.
 - (iv) retrospective complaints against the standard of tutoring etc. These must be made before the results of Boards of Examiner deliberations and cannot be used to lever an appeal against the judgement of the Board.
- 2.3 Disagreement with a mark or a grade cannot itself constitute grounds for appeal.
- 2.4 Where a Review has not been completed within the timescales set out in B1.7 above, the Academic Appeals Officer will advise the student in writing of his or her right to lodge an Appeal as provided under B2.6. The Appeal will then proceed in the proscribed manner.
- 2.5 Anonymous appeals are not permitted. See B1.6 regarding third party representation.
- 2.6 An appeal must be lodged with the Academic Appeals Officer within ten working days of the student's receipt of the letter notifying him or her of the outcome of

the Review. The appeal must be lodged on the form provided (available from Secretariat) and must include:

- (a) a precise identification of the decision(s) of the Board of Examiners against which the appeal is lodged;
- (b) a precise identification of the formal grounds of appeal (i.e. B2.2 above);
- (c) a statement of the appellant's case;
- (d) evidence establishing that an appeal is warranted. Whenever possible, such evidence must be in documentary form, provided either when the appeal is lodged or, only if it is not available at the time, as soon as possible thereafter. Students may not introduce at the appeal stage any evidence that was available to them but had not been previously submitted at the Review stage.

B3 Lapsed Appeals

- 3.1 Where the appeal is defective or deficient in terms of the grounds cited or the evidence submitted, the Academic Appeals Officer shall write to the student advising that the appeal may not proceed until such deficiencies or defects have been remedied. The student will have 20 working days to make a response to the Academic Appeals Officer that adequately resolves such deficiencies or defects.
- 3.2 Where there are circumstances beyond the control of the appellant which prevent him or her from making a full response within 20 working days, the appellant must provide evidence of those circumstances to the Academic Appeals Officer in order to request an extension of the time limit.
- 3.3 If, after the 20 working day time limit (or, if granted, the extended time limit) has expired:
 - (a) the appeal does not conform with the permitted grounds as specified in B2.2, or
 - (b) the requirements specified in B2.6 are not metthe Academic Appeals Officer shall write to the student to advise that the appeal has lapsed and will not be considered further.
- 3.4 An appellant whose request for an extension is not granted by the Academic Appeals Officer may request that the Chair of Academic Board or nominee reconsiders that decision. The Chair of Academic Board or nominee shall satisfy him or herself that the decision of the Academic Appeals Officer was fair and reasonable.

B4 Determination of the Appeal

- 4.1 Once the documents specified in B2.6 have been supplied, the Chair of the Appeal Board shall be appointed by the Vice Chancellor. The Academic Appeals

Officer shall invite the Chair of the Board of Examiners to submit any additional information or evidence in support of the Review decision.

- 4.2 When appointed, the Chair of the Appeal Board will, within 10 working days, satisfy himself or herself that the formal requirements for the lodging of an Appeal have been met.
- 4.3 If, following scrutiny of the records and evidence relating to the Review and Appeal, the Chair considers that the formal requirements for lodging an Appeal and/or the grounds for Appeal have not been satisfied, the Appeal will not be considered further. The Academic Appeals Officer shall advise the student of this in writing.

B5 Referral Back

- 5.1 If the Chair considers that the formal requirements for lodging an Appeal have been met, he or she will determine whether the matter complained of might still be satisfactorily resolved by referring it to the Chair of the Board of Examiners.
- 5.2 If it appears to the Chair of the Appeal Board that there is a reasonable prospect that the matter might be satisfactorily resolved by referral to the Chair of the Board of Examiners, then this course of action should be adopted. In referring the matter back to the Chair of the Board of Examiners, the Chair of the Appeal Board may require such questions to be answered as he or she deems fit.
- 5.3 The Chair of the Board of Examiners shall make a response to the Chair of the Appeal Board within 20 working days. This response shall be communicated to the appellant by the Academic Appeals Officer within five working days. If the appellant remains dissatisfied at this stage, he or she shall advise the Academic Appeals Officer, in writing, within 10 working days of their intention to proceed to an Appeal Hearing.
- 5.4 If the Chair considers that the formal requirements for lodging an Appeal have been met but determines that the Appeal is unlikely to be resolved by referral back to the Chair of the Board of Examiners, the student shall be advised that the Appeal will proceed straight to an Appeal Hearing.
- 5.5 The Chair will be assisted by the University Secretary and the Academic Appeals Officers in matters of procedure and practice.

B6 Arrangements for an Appeal Hearing

- 6.1 Where there are sufficient grounds for an Appeal the Academic Appeals Officer shall arrange an Appeal Hearing which shall normally be held:
 - (a) within 20 working days of the appellant being notified that the Chair of the Appeal Board does not consider that their case will be resolved by referral back to the Chair of the Board of Examiners; or
 - (b) within 20 working days of the appellant notifying the Academic Appeals Officer that referral back has not produced an outcome that is satisfactory to him or her.
- 6.2 The procedures for an Appeal Hearing are detailed on page 15.

Important: the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education (HE)

In accordance with the Higher Education Act 2004, the University subscribes to the rules and procedures of the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for HE (the OIA). The OIA provides an independent scheme for the review of complaints by students against higher education institutions at the stage where the internal complaints procedures have been exhausted. The OIA's definition of 'complaints' includes complaints about the final decision of a higher education institution's disciplinary or appeal body. It is open to students of the University of Lincoln to ask the OIA to review a final internal disciplinary or appeal decision.

Full information about OIA procedures is available from the University of Lincoln Students' Union, the University Secretary or the OIA website (www.oiahe.org.uk).

THE APPEAL HEARING

1. The Appeal Board shall comprise:
 - (a) a Chair who shall be the Vice-Chancellor or nominee;
 - (b) two full-time members of teaching staff of the University drawn from a panel established for this purpose by Academic Board;
 - (c) a student of the University nominated by the President of the Students' Union.

The Appeal Board shall have a Secretary.

2. No member of the Appeal Board shall be a member of the subject or award team, School/College, or the Board of Examiners for the award to which the appeal relates or be a student member of the award.

The Secretary of the Appeal Board shall be the Academic Appeals Officer or other nominee of the Appeal Board Chair.

3. The Chair of the Board of Examiners may be required by the Appeal Board to attend or nominate a representative. The appellant shall attend the Appeal Hearing.

The Secretary shall give the appellant and the Chair of the Board of Examiners or nominee, if he or she is required to attend, reasonable notice of the hearing.

4. The appellant and the Chair of the Board of Examiners shall have the right to submit any further documentary evidence to the Appeal Board via its Secretary.

5. In reasonable time before the hearing of the Appeal the Secretary shall circulate to the Appeal Board, the appellant, the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) and to any other person the Secretary deems appropriate the following documents:

- (a) the assessment regulations for the scheme or award;
- (b) the appellant's form of Appeal;
- (c) any documentary evidence.

The Appeal Board shall have access to relevant minutes of the Board of Examiners and to the appellant's assessment and examination marks.

6. The appellant shall have the right to nominate a 'friend' who shall be a member of staff or student of the University, an officer of the Students' Union or a member of staff from the institution which is delivering the student's programme, and who may speak on the student's behalf.

7. Both the appellant and the Chair of the Board of Examiners shall have the right to call witnesses.
8. The appellant shall have the right to opt for an 'open' or 'closed' hearing. The appellant shall be invited by the Secretary to indicate which he or she wishes to opt for and must make his or her wishes known at least seven days before the hearing.

Proceedings at an Appeal Hearing

9. If the appellant has opted for an 'open' hearing the Appeal Board shall incorporate the following:
 - (a) The appellant shall present his or her case first. If the appellant is accompanied by a friend, the friend may present the case on the appellant's behalf. If the appellant wishes to call any witnesses they should be called to give evidence at this stage.
 - (b) The Appeal Board and the Chair of the Board of Examiners shall then be entitled to ask questions of the appellant and/or friend and any witnesses.
 - (c) Any witnesses of the appellant shall normally at this stage withdraw.
 - (d) The Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) shall next present the case of the Board of Examiners. If the Chair of the Board of Examiners wishes to call any witnesses they should be called to give evidence at this stage.
 - (e) The Appeal Board and the appellant (and/or friend) shall then be entitled to ask questions of the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) and any witnesses.
 - (f) Any witnesses of the Chair of the Board of Examiners should normally at this stage withdraw.
 - (g) The Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) should next summarise the case of the Board of Examiners.
 - (h) The appellant and/or friend should then summarise the case of the appellant.
 - (i) The Appeal Board shall then reach its decision in private.
10. If the appellant has opted for a 'closed' hearing the procedure to be followed shall incorporate the following:
 - (a) The appellant shall present his or her case first not in the presence of the Chair of the Board of Examiners. If the appellant is accompanied by a friend the friend may present the case on the appellant's behalf. If the appellant wishes to call any witnesses they should be called to give evidence at this stage.

- (b) The Appeal Board shall then be entitled to ask questions of the appellant and/or friend and any witnesses.
 - (c) The appellant, friend and witnesses shall at this stage withdraw.
 - (d) The Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) shall next present the case of the Board of Examiners. If the Chair of the Board of Examiners wishes to call any witnesses they should be called to give evidence at this stage.
 - (e) The Appeal Board shall then be entitled to ask questions of the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) and any witnesses.
 - (f) The Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) and witnesses shall at this stage withdraw.
 - (g) The Appeal Board shall then reach its decision in private. The Appeal Board may call back the appellant or Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) or witnesses to clarify the evidence at this stage.
11. If both the appellant and the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) are in agreement at the outset of an 'open' hearing, the hearing can be conducted as a 'closed' hearing. Once a hearing has commenced on either an 'open' or 'closed' basis it must continue in that mode except in the most exceptional circumstances and with the full agreement of the appellant, Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) and the Appeal Board.
12. The Appeal Board shall either uphold or not uphold the appeal and, in addition, make any such recommendations as it considers appropriate. The decision of the Appeal Board shall be announced orally to the appellant and the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) at the conclusion of the hearing and be communicated in writing normally within 10 working days to them and be reported to the next meeting of Academic Board. Neither the appellant nor the Chair of the Board of Examiners (or nominee) shall comment to the Appeal Board when its decision is announced.

Consequences of an Appeal Hearing

13. If an appeal is not upheld the original decision of the Board of Examiners shall stand.
14. If an appeal is upheld the Board of Examiners shall meet as soon as reasonably possible to reconsider the matter as recommended by the Appeal Board. The Board of Examiners shall report its findings to Academic Board.
15. If the Board of Examiners upholds its original decision the matter shall be referred to Academic Board for final decision solely on the basis of written submission from the Appeal Board and the Board of Examiners. No person who has been involved in the appeal hearing or who is a member of the Board of Examiners shall take any part in the proceedings of Academic Board in relation to this adjudication.

16. If an appeal is upheld at this stage, the University may reimburse the student or his or her 'friend' (if applicable) for reasonable and proportional incidental expenses incurred in attending the Appeal Board meeting. Students who remain dissatisfied with the outcome shall be issued with a completion of procedures letter and referred to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education.

Confidentiality

17. Those involved in Appeal Hearings shall be impartial and, with the exception of the decision reached, shall treat all aspects of the case as confidential.

Attendance at meetings

18. If, for good reason, a student or his or her friend (if applicable) is unable to attend an Appeal Hearing at an agreed time and place, the University shall reconvene the meeting on one occasion. If a student or his or her friend (if applicable) is unable to attend the rescheduled meeting, the Appeal Hearing may take place *in absentia*.

PART C – CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINARY REGULATIONS FOR APPLICANTS, ENROLLED STUDENTS AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS REGISTERED AS CANDIDATES FOR UNIVERSITY AWARDS

C1 General

The Articles of Government require the University to have rules on the conduct of students.

Misconduct is improper interference with the functioning or activities of the University, or those who work or study in the University, or action which otherwise damages the good name of the University.

Misconduct is an offence under these disciplinary Regulations. The following are examples of misconduct:

- (i) disruption of, or improper interference with, the academic, administrative, sporting, social or other activities of the University, whether on University premises or elsewhere;
- (ii) obstruction of, or improper interference with, the functions, duties or activities of any student, member of staff or other employee of the University or any authorised visitor to the University;
- (iii) failure to disclose a conviction of a serious criminal offence sustained while enrolled as a student;
- (iv) violent, indecent, disorderly, threatening or offensive behaviour or language whilst on University premises or engaged in any University activity;
- (v) fraud, deceit, deception or dishonesty in relation to the University or its staff or in connection with holding any office in the University or in relation to being a student of the University;
- (vi) action likely to cause injury or impair safety on University premises;
- (vii) bullying, harassment or defamation, including via social networking sites, and including racial or sexual harassment of any student, member of staff or other employee of the University or any visitor to the University;
- (viii) damage to, or defacement of, University property or the property of other members of the University community caused intentionally or recklessly and misappropriation of such property;
- (ix) misuse or unauthorised use of University premises or items of property;
- (x) conduct which constitutes a criminal offence (including conviction for an offence) where that conduct or the offence:
 - (a) took place on University premises, or

- (b) affected or concerned other members of the University community, or
 - (c) damages the good name of the University, or
 - (d) itself constitutes misconduct within the terms of this Code, or
 - (e) is an offence of dishonesty, where the student holds an office of responsibility in the University.
- (xi) behaviour which brings the University into disrepute;
 - (xii) failure to disclose name or other relevant details to an officer or employee of the University in circumstances when it is reasonable to require that such information be given;
 - (xiii) failure to co-operate with the University, its officers or employees in the investigation of an alleged breach of the disciplinary code, and in any subsequent disciplinary proceedings;
 - (xiv) prevention of another's freedom of speech;
 - (xv) failure to comply with a previously imposed penalty under this Code.

Interface with Fitness to Practise Regulations

An allegation of misconduct made against a student who is enrolled on a course leading directly to a professional qualification or to the right to practise a particular profession or calling shall be dealt with under the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations in the first instance. At Stage 1 of the formal process the Head of School (or equivalent) shall determine whether the allegation of misconduct is serious enough to bring into question the student's fitness to be admitted to and/or practise that profession or calling. If so, the allegation will be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel for investigation.

Conduct which constitutes a criminal offence (including conviction for an offence) where that conduct or the offence is such as to render the student unfit to practise any particular profession or calling to which that student's course directly leads will also be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel by the Head of School (or equivalent) at Stage 1.

C2 Disciplinary Procedure

The Vice Chancellor is responsible to the Board of Governors for the maintenance of student discipline within the University. The Vice Chancellor delegates this responsibility as set out in the following Disciplinary Procedure.

Immediate action

- 2.1 All members of staff of the University, and others authorised for the purpose, may issue reasonable instructions to students in the interests of good order, health and safety and the prevention of misconduct. These may include requiring any

student to withdraw from any room or area or to cease to take part in any activity. A student who refuses to comply with such instructions will be liable to disciplinary action in accordance with the formal procedures set out below. It is open to a student who believes that such instructions have been issued unfairly to initiate action under the Student Complaints Procedure (see Part E of these Regulations).

Formal process

Stage 1: Heads of Schools' Procedure

- 2.2 Each Head of School (or equivalent) shall be responsible for the investigation of allegations of misconduct brought against students of their School and shall have the power, subject to these Regulations, to impose penalties or to refer the allegations for a hearing by a Head of College.
- 2.3 Where an act of misconduct is alleged against a student, the complainant shall promptly notify the student's Head of School (or equivalent) of this and provide any evidence in support of the allegation.
- 2.4 Where the Head of School (or equivalent) considers that the complaint provides grounds for formal consideration, he or she shall investigate the complaint; this may include interviewing and taking statements from the complainant, the student who is the subject of the complaint and any witnesses.
- 2.5 If the student who is the subject of the complaint is interviewed, he or she may be accompanied by a friend who may be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union.
- 2.6 Having undertaken these investigations, the Head of School (or equivalent) will decide, taking into account the views of the complainant, whether there are grounds for initiating the disciplinary procedure; and whether the matter is so serious as to warrant direct referral to Stage 2. Repetition of misconduct may be regarded as reason for direct referral to Stage 2.
- 2.7 Where the Head of School (or equivalent) decides that there are grounds for action under Stage 1 of the disciplinary procedure, he or she shall write to the student giving details of the alleged offence and invite the student to say whether he or she admits the offence and whether he or she wishes to offer any comments, including any mitigation. The student must be notified that if he or she does admit the offence the Head of School (or equivalent) will have authority to determine the proceedings and to impose a penalty in accordance with section C2.9 below. The student shall have the option of admitting the offence and offering comments in writing or at an interview with the Head of School (or equivalent).
- 2.8 Where the student admits the offence, the Head of School (or equivalent) shall consider any comments offered by the student and then determine the appropriate penalty in accordance with section C2.9 below.

Penalties

- 2.9 The Head of School (or equivalent) may impose one or more of the following penalties:
- (i) Where the student has attended an interview with the Head of School (or equivalent), an oral caution in respect of the conduct which gave rise to the complaint.
 - (ii) A formal oral reprimand. The Head of School (or equivalent) will keep a written note on file that a formal reprimand has been given.
 - (iii) A written warning. A note of the warning will be kept on the Head of School (or equivalent)'s file. The written warning may stipulate that further instances of misconduct may result in direct referral to the Head of College.
 - (iv) A written apology from the student, wording to be approved by the Head of School (or equivalent), which may be communicated by the Head of School (or equivalent) to any appropriate person which may include the complainant.
 - (v) A requirement to make good the cost, in whole or in part, of any damage caused or replacement required.
- 2.10 The Head of School (or equivalent) may, upon a student giving a firm undertaking to fulfil a condition or conditions, withhold the imposition of a penalty for so long as the student fulfils the condition or conditions. Alternatively the Head of School (or equivalent) may waive setting a penalty, upon a student giving a firm undertaking to fulfil a condition or conditions.
- 2.11 Where the student has admitted the offence, he or she may not appeal against the finding of facts, but may appeal to the University Disciplinary Committee against the penalty imposed.

Stage 2: Heads of Colleges' Procedure

- 2.12 If the student has failed to respond to the letter from the Head of School (or equivalent) under Stage 1 or has not admitted the alleged offence, or where the Head of School (or equivalent) considers the matter alleged so serious as to warrant direct referral to Stage 2, the Head of School (or equivalent) shall ask the Head of College to arrange a hearing as soon as possible.
- 2.13 Before the hearing, in consultation with the Head of College, the Head of School (or equivalent) may undertake any further investigation he or she deems necessary to ensure that the full facts can be considered at the hearing.
- 2.14 The student shall be sent notice in writing of the hearing and of the allegation(s) against him or her, together with a copy of the Rules of Procedure, and given time to prepare his or her defence. Both the student and the Head of School (or equivalent) shall prepare written summaries of their respective cases, and shall send copies to each other and to the Head of College at least five working days

before the hearing, together with written and signed statements from all witnesses (including the complainant). Witnesses must be advised of the date of the hearing and that they may be called to attend in person at the Head of College's discretion.

- 2.15 The hearing shall be in accordance with the Rules of Procedure which shall include the right of the student and the Head of School (or equivalent) to be heard in person. If the student attends the hearing he/she will have the right to be accompanied by a friend who may be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union.

Penalties

- 2.16 Where the Head of College finds the allegation to be proved, he or she may impose any of the penalties available to a Head of School (or equivalent) and/or one of the following penalties:
- (i) A formal, written reprimand.
 - (ii) Exclude the student. Exclusion imposes temporary restrictions on attendance at or access to the University and its facilities and/or on participation in University activities. The extent of the exclusion will be specified in writing to the student. An order of exclusion may include a requirement that the student should have no contact of any kind with a named person or persons.
 - (iii) Evict the student from their University-owned accommodation. In the event of eviction, the student will be refunded any money due to them because of advance payment of the accommodation in lieu of notice and the student will be required to leave the accommodation by a specified date. The University will help the student to secure alternative accommodation as appropriate to his or her circumstances.
 - (iv) Recommend that the Vice Chancellor should expel the student. Such recommendations will be considered by the Vice Chancellor and the Officer to the University Disciplinary Committee, who will scrutinise all such recommendations to ensure consistency and fairness. The Vice Chancellor will then either endorse the recommendation for expulsion or refer the matter back to the Head of College for further consideration.

Stage 3: University Disciplinary Committee - The Appeal Stage

- 2.17 A student may appeal against a decision made under Stage 2 of these procedures by a Head of College, or by the Vice Chancellor, or against a penalty imposed by a Head of School (or equivalent) under Stage 1, within 10 working days of written confirmation of the decision.¹ An appeal pro-forma is available from the Officer to the University Disciplinary Committee, Secretariat.

¹ 'Decision' means the finding of the allegation to be proven and/or the penalty imposed.

- 2.18 An appeal may be lodged on the following grounds only:
- (i) there is new evidence available which could not reasonably have been brought to the attention of the Head of School, Head of College or the Vice Chancellor;
 - (ii) there has been a procedural irregularity;
 - (iii) there is evidence of prejudice or bias.
- 2.19 The appeal must include:
- (a) a precise identification of the decision which the appeal is lodged;
 - (b) a precise identification of the formal grounds of appeal;
 - (c) a statement of the appellant's case;
 - (d) evidence establishing that an appeal is warranted.
- 2.20 The imposition of a penalty from Stage 1 or 2, including, where relevant, the recommendation of expulsion, shall be deferred pending the outcome of the appeal.
- 2.21 On receipt of an appeal a Head of School (or equivalent) from another College and the University Registrar will consider whether the reasons given by the student are sufficient for an appeal to proceed. If they do not consider the reasons to be sufficient, the appeal cannot proceed and the University will issue a 'Completion of Procedures' letter advising the student of the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education.
- 2.22 If the Head of School (or equivalent) and the University Registrar consider the reasons to be sufficient, the appeal shall proceed to a hearing by the University Disciplinary Committee. The Committee's remit will be to decide whether the reason(s) given by the student for the appeal have substance and, if so, whether they are sufficient to warrant changes to the Head of College's or Head of School's original decision.
- 2.23 The University Disciplinary Committee shall comprise a Deputy Vice Chancellor as Chair, two Heads of School and a nominee of the Students' Union.
- 2.24 The student shall have the right to appear in person at the meeting of the University Disciplinary Committee and to be accompanied by a friend who may be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union. At the meeting, the student and the Head of College will be invited to make their representations to the Committee. Evidence which was available at the time of the Stage 2 hearing by the Head of College but was not introduced at that stage may not be introduced by either party at the hearing, except with the consent of the Chair of the Committee. The Chair of the Committee will announce the Committee's determination orally or in writing as the Committee shall determine; an oral announcement will be confirmed in writing.

- 2.25 The University Disciplinary Committee may allow the appeal in whole or in part and may overturn or amend the Head of College's or Head of School's original decision; or may dismiss the appeal and uphold the Head of College's or Head of School's original decision. Where an appeal is dismissed, the Committee may if it thinks fit impose a more severe penalty than that of the Head of College or Head of School.
- 2.26 If the University Disciplinary Committee finds against the student, the University will issue a 'Completion of Procedures' letter advising the student of the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education.

C3 Exclusion Pending Completion of the Disciplinary Process or a Trial

- 3.1 A student who is the subject of an allegation of misconduct or against whom a criminal charge is pending or who is the subject of police investigation may be excluded by the Director of Student Affairs pending the disciplinary hearing or the trial. Where the Director of Student Affairs is unable to exercise this power, then the power shall be exercised by a nominee of the Vice Chancellor.
- 3.2 Exclusion imposes temporary restrictions on attendance at or access to the University and its facilities and/or on participation in University activities. The extent of the exclusion will be specified in writing to the student. In exceptional cases, exclusion may be comprehensive. An order of exclusion may include a requirement that the student should have no contact of any kind with a named person or persons.
- 3.3 Where an allegation of misconduct is made against a student which involves conduct or behaviour in University-owned accommodation, the alleged perpetrator may be relocated between residences or excluded completely from the residences (see further 3.9).
- 3.4 The power to exclude is used to:
- (a) protect a member or members of the University community; or
 - (b) protect the property of the University or of a member or members of the University community; or
 - (c) ensure that the process of the investigation is not adversely affected by the presence of the student.
- 3.5 The power shall be used only where the Director of Student Affairs is of the opinion that it is necessary to take such action. Written reasons for the decision shall be given to the student within five working days.
- 3.6 A student who has been excluded shall have the right to make representations to the Director of Student Affairs within two working days. The representations may be made in person or in writing as the student chooses, and may be put forward by the student or his or her representative.

- 3.7 The Director of Student Affairs shall review the exclusion within five working days and every ten working days thereafter and may confirm, revoke or vary the exclusion in the light of any developments and of any representations made by the student or his or her representative.
- 3.8 A student who has been comprehensively excluded for more than three weeks has the right to ask for a review of the decision to exclude to be undertaken by a Deputy Vice Chancellor. The student or his or her representative shall be entitled to submit written representations to the Deputy Vice Chancellor in support of the review.
- 3.9 A requirement that a student relocates within or between University residences or into other appropriate accommodation means that the student shall vacate any accommodation they are currently occupying in a property owned and managed by the University by a specified date. If a student is required to relocate he or she will cease to be liable for any further rental charges relating to the vacated accommodation and become liable for all the rental charges relating to the new accommodation, as from the date they relocate.
- 3.10 If the student is exonerated following completion of the disciplinary process, he or she may be eligible to return to the previously vacated accommodation if appropriate.

C4 Misconduct that is also a Criminal Offence

- 4.1 The following procedures apply where the alleged misconduct is reported to a Head of School (or equivalent) or Head of College, and the misconduct, if proved, would also constitute an offence under the criminal law. A serious offence is one that is likely to attract an immediate custodial sentence if proved.
- (a) Where the alleged criminal offence is considered not to be serious, action may be initiated under these disciplinary procedures. If the matter is reported to the police, such action may be deferred pending any police investigation or prosecution.
 - (b) In the case of serious offences, no action other than temporary exclusion may be taken under these procedures until the matter has been reported to the police and either prosecuted or a decision not to prosecute been taken, at which time the Head of School (or equivalent) or Head of College may decide whether disciplinary action under these procedures should continue or be taken.
 - (c) Where a finding of misconduct is made and the student has also been sentenced by a criminal court in respect of the same facts, the court's penalty shall be taken into consideration in determining the penalty under these procedures.
- 4.2 A student who is convicted of a serious criminal offence must immediately notify his or her Head of School who will consider whether disciplinary action under these procedures should be taken. Failure to disclose such a conviction may be treated as misconduct under these Regulations.

Important: the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education (HE)

In accordance with the Higher Education Act 2004, the University subscribes to the rules and procedures of the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for HE (the OIA). The OIA provides an independent scheme for the review of complaints by students against higher education institutions at the stage where the internal complaints procedures have been exhausted. The OIA's definition of 'complaints' includes complaints about the final decision of a higher education institution's disciplinary or appeal body. It is open to students of the University of Lincoln to ask the OIA to review a final internal disciplinary or appeal decision. Full information about OIA procedures is available from the University of Lincoln Students' Union, the University Secretary or the OIA website (www.oiahe.org.uk).

PART D – FITNESS TO PRACTISE REGULATIONS

D1 Introduction

- 1.1 Where successful completion of an academic award also leads directly to professional qualification, statutory registration and eligibility to practise, the University has a responsibility to the public, to employers and the professions and must be satisfied that the student will be a safe and suitable entrant to the given profession and is fit to practise.
- 1.2 These Regulations set out the procedures adopted by the University in order to discharge its responsibilities, and to ensure consistency across a range of programmes leading to professional qualification. This is supplemented by programme specific policies which reflect the detailed external regulatory requirements of a particular professional practice area.
- 1.3 The successful completion of a professionally recognised and accredited programme leading to admission to a professional body/regulator requires students' adherence to the Regulations and procedures of the University and also to the requirements of the relevant professional body/regulator.
- 1.4 Students are expected to behave in a manner consistent with the University Regulations and procedures and the code of conduct of the relevant professional body/regulator.

D2 Interface with Student Progression, Disciplinary and Academic Offences Regulations

- 2.1 Academic failure, including the failure of practice-based assessments, may lead to the termination of a student's registration on a programme for a professional qualification. The assessment of academic achievement is dealt with under the University's Assessment Regulations, with professional variations to these Regulations being agreed by Academic Board. A list of relevant programmes is cited at the end of these regulations.
- 2.2 Students who fail to make satisfactory progress in academic studies shall be considered by the relevant Board of Examiners which shall determine the appropriate course of action. If, during deliberations, concerns arise regarding the student's suitability to practise professionally on the grounds of health or conduct, the student will be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel.
- 2.3 Students on professional programmes are subject to the usual University procedures regarding discipline and academic offences, in addition to Fitness to Practise procedures.
- 2.4 Allegations of misconduct (as defined in the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations) against students on professional programmes shall be dealt with under the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations in the first instance. At Stage 1 of the formal process the Head of School shall determine whether the allegation of misconduct is serious enough to bring into question the student's

fitness to practise. If so, the allegation will be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel for investigation.

- 2.5 Allegations of the commission of an academic offence made against students on professional programmes shall be dealt with under the appropriate Academic Offences procedure as laid down in the University Regulations. If the academic offence is found proven by the Academic Offences Committee, the Committee shall inform the School Fitness to Practise Panel for it to consider the implications regarding the student's fitness to practise. It shall remain the Board of Examiners' decision regarding the penalty applied for a proven academic offence, as recommended by the Academic Offences Committee.
- 2.6 A student may be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel following a leave of absence when a fitness to practise issue has arisen or continues to give cause for concern. A report from the student's healthcare practitioner will be required to assist in determining whether the student is ready to resume his/her studies.

D3 Operating Principles

- 3.1 Programmes subject to these Regulations require confirmation at various stages of admission and training that a student is, and remains, fit to practise. Programme specific Fitness to Practise policies set out the operating guidelines for individual programmes as well as the requirements of the relevant professional body/regulator.
- 3.2 Where circumstances which may affect a student's fitness to practise are brought to the attention of the Head of School or to the University in general, by members of staff, work-based placement staff or other relevant individuals, the University will investigate according to the following procedures:
- 3.2.1 Informal resolution;
 - 3.2.2 Referral of the case to be dealt with under the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations where the matter is considered to be one of misconduct which has no implications for fitness to practise;
 - 3.2.3 Formal consideration by the School Fitness to Practise Panel where an informal resolution is not achieved;
- 3.3 In investigating an allegation the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) may request evidence from interested parties, which may include external agencies and/or members of the public.

D4 Informal Resolution

- 4.1 It is expected that attempts will initially be made to resolve issues through informal mutual agreement between the student, academic tutor, placement supervisor, and Head of School. Assistance may be sought from Occupational Health, Student Services and/or other relevant parties.

- 4.2 Informal outcomes may include:
- (a) No action required;
 - (b) Verbal warning;
 - (c) Notice of improvement.
- 4.3 A record of any agreement reached through informal discussion shall be signed by both parties to confirm their agreement with the outcome and maintained by both the student and the School.
- 4.4 Where a notice of improvement is issued, objectives and timescales for completion will be mutually agreed between the student and the School. Progress will be monitored by the School on a regular basis. The student will be referred to the School Fitness to Practise Panel if he or she fails to fulfil the notice of improvement requirements within the agreed timescale.
- 4.5 Where it has not been possible to reach an informal resolution or where the matter is considered to be so serious following investigation by the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) to extend beyond the informal stage, the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall refer the matter to the School Fitness to Practise Panel.

D5 Formal Process

Stage 1: School Fitness to Practise Panel

- 5.1 Following investigation, the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) will ask the Head of College to convene a meeting of the School Fitness to Practise Panel to consider issues relating to health matters, professional, behavioural or other issues that give rise to concerns regarding a student's fitness to practise.
- 5.2 The Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall also notify the student in writing when a referral is made to the School Fitness to Practise Panel and set out the reasons for the referral.
- 5.3 The School Fitness to Practise Panel shall comprise:
- (a) a Chair who shall be the Head of College (or nominee);
 - (b) one academic staff representative from the professional programme on which the student is enrolled;
 - (c) one academic staff representative from another professional programme within the University;
 - (d) one practice/service representative (where appropriate or as required by the relevant professional body/regulator);
 - (e) one professional body/regulator representative (where appropriate and at the discretion of the Chair);
 - (f) a student or sabbatical officer of the University nominated by the President of the Students' Union

None of the Panel members shall have had any previous connection or involvement with the case.

- 5.4 The student and Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) will be given reasonable notice of the meeting date and, where possible, a minimum of ten working days. The student will be invited to attend or to make written submissions to the Panel in absentia. The student and the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall have the right to submit any further documentary evidence to the Panel via the Chair. All such evidence must be submitted to the Chair at least seven working days prior to the date of the Panel meeting. The student may be accompanied to the Panel by a friend who shall be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union.
- 5.5 No fewer than five working days before the Panel meeting, the Chair shall circulate to the Panel, the student and the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) the following documents:
- (a) The written results of the Head of School's investigation;
 - (b) Any evidentiary documentation submitted by the student;
 - (c) The relevant professional body/regulator's code of conduct.

Proceedings at the School Fitness to Practise Panel

- 5.6 The Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall summarise the case on behalf of the University. The Panel and the student shall then be entitled to ask questions of the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic).
- 5.7 The student shall then summarise his or her case. The Panel and the Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall be entitled to ask questions of the student.
- 5.8 The student and Head of School (or appropriate senior academic) shall withdraw from the meeting to enable the Panel to reach its decision in private.

Powers of the School Fitness to Practise Panel

- 5.9 Following consideration of the case, the School Fitness to Practise Panel may:
- (a) determine there is no case to answer;
 - (b) permit the student to continue with the programme of study but with additional supervision and/or reporting requirements;
 - (c) suspend the student from his/her studies for a specified time or until the occurrence of a specified event, the time period to be agreed by the Panel. Suspension will normally take effect immediately; students wishing to collect documentation or access University systems in support of any appeal against the decision of the Panel must contact Secretariat. A Secretariat Officer will be appointed to collate the documentation, within the bounds of reasonableness, on the student's behalf;
 - (d) refer the case to the relevant Board of Examiners for consideration of whether or not a reassessment of a specified part of parts of the programme may be permitted under the University Assessment Regulations;

- e) terminate the student's registration on the programme with or without support for an application for an alternative academic qualification. Termination will normally take effect immediately (refer to 5.9(c) regarding appeals);
 - f) where, following investigation, the Panel considers the matter to be one of misconduct but without fitness to practise implications it shall refer the case to be considered under Stage 1 of the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations.
- 5.10 The finding of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and the reasons for its decision will be communicated in writing by the Chair to the student within five working days of the meeting and will include details of the appeal stage of the process should the student wish to invoke it.
- 5.11 Except where there has been a finding that there is no case to answer or a referral to Stage 1 of the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations, decisions of the School Fitness to Practise Panel shall be reported, by the School Fitness to Practise Panel's Chair to the relevant Board of Examiners. The relevant professional or accrediting body shall be informed as appropriate to their reporting requirements.

Appeals

- 5.12 A student may lodge an appeal against any finding of the School Fitness to Practise Panel. An appeal may be lodged on the following grounds only:
- (i) there is new evidence available which could not reasonably have been brought to the attention of the School Fitness to Practise Panel;
 - (ii) there has been a procedural irregularity;
 - (iii) there is evidence of prejudice or bias;
- 5.13 An appeal must be lodged with the Fitness to Practise Appeals Officer in Secretariat within ten working days of the student's receipt of the letter notifying him or her of the outcome of the School Fitness to Practise Panel. The appeal must be lodged on the form provided (available from Secretariat) and must include:
- (a) a precise identification of the decision of the School Fitness to Practise Panel against which the appeal is lodged;
 - (b) a precise identification of the formal grounds of appeal;
 - (c) a statement of the appellant's case;
 - (d) evidence establishing that an appeal is warranted. Wherever possible, such evidence must be in documentary form. If the appeal is lodged on ground 5.12 (i) the student must establish a valid reason as to why the evidence could not reasonably have been brought to the attention of the School Fitness to Practise Panel at the appropriate time.
- 5.14 On receipt of an appeal, the University Registrar and a Head of School (or equivalent) from another College will consider whether the reasons given by the student are sufficient for an appeal to proceed. If they do not consider the reasons to be sufficient, the appeal cannot proceed further and the University will issue a

'Completion of Procedures' letter advising the student of the right to refer the matter to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education.

- 5.15 If the University Registrar and the Head of School (or equivalent) consider the reasons to be sufficient, the appeal shall proceed to a hearing by the University Fitness to Practise Panel.

D6 Formal Process

Stage 2: Appeal to the University Fitness to Practise Panel

- 6.1 Following referral of an appeal to the University Fitness to Practise Panel, the Vice Chancellor shall appoint a Deputy Vice Chancellor as Chair of the University Fitness to Practise Panel.
- 6.2 The Panel shall comprise:
- (a) the Chair appointed by the Vice Chancellor;
 - (b) one senior academic from the College in which the student is enrolled;
 - (c) one senior academic from another College;
 - (d) one practice/service representative (where appropriate or as required by the relevant professional body/regulator);
 - (e) one professional body/regulator representative (where appropriate and at the discretion of the Chair);
 - (f) a student or sabbatical officer of the University nominated by the President of the Students' Union

None of the Panel members shall have had any previous connection or involvement with the case.

The Panel shall have a Secretary who shall normally be the Fitness to Practise Appeals Officer.

- 6.3 The University Fitness to Practise Panel will review the process undertaken by the School Fitness to Practise Panel, consider further representation from the student and the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and reach a final decision on the case.

Proceedings at the University Fitness to Practise Panel

- 6.4 The Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and the appellant shall be required to attend the University Fitness to Practise Panel (hereafter the 'Hearing'). Failure of the student to attend the Hearing without good cause (as determined by the Chair of the University Fitness to Practise Panel) shall result in the consideration of the case in the appellant's absence.

The Secretary shall give the appellant and the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel reasonable notice of the Hearing and, where possible, a minimum of ten working days. The student may be accompanied by a friend who shall be a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union.

- 6.5 Both parties shall have the right to submit any further documentary evidence to the Hearing via the Secretary. All such evidence must be submitted at least seven working days before the date of the Hearing.
- 6.6 Both parties shall have the right to call witnesses; the Secretary must be notified of any intended witnesses at least seven working days before the date of the Hearing.
- 6.7 No fewer than five working days before the Hearing, the Secretary shall circulate to the Panel, the appellant and the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel the following:
 - (a) the assessment regulations for the scheme or award;
 - (b) the requirements of the relevant professional body/regulator including any code of conduct;
 - (c) minutes of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and any documents considered by the Panel;
 - (d) notification of any intended witnesses;
 - (e) the appellant's form of appeal;
 - (f) any documentary evidence submitted by either party.
- 6.8 At the Hearing, the appellant shall present his or her case first. Any witnesses for the appellant should be called to give evidence at this stage.
- 6.9 The Panel and the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel shall be entitled to ask questions of the appellant and/or witnesses.
- 6.10 The appellant's witnesses will then withdraw from the Hearing.
- 6.11 The Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel shall present the case for the School Fitness to Practise Panel. Any witnesses for the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel should be called to give evidence at this stage.
- 6.12 The Panel and the appellant shall be entitled to ask questions of the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and/or any witnesses.
- 6.13 The Chair the School Fitness to Practise Panel's witnesses will then withdraw from the Hearing.
- 6.14 The Chair the School Fitness to Practise Panel will next summarise the case of the School Fitness to Practise Panel.
- 6.15 The appellant will next summarise his/her case.
- 6.16 Both the Chair of the School Fitness to Practise Panel and the appellant will withdraw from the Hearing.
- 6.17 The Panel will reach its decision in private and must refer to the appropriate code of professional practise in reaching its decision.

Powers of the University Fitness to Practise Panel

- 6.18 The Panel shall either uphold or not uphold the appeal and, in addition, make any recommendations as it considers appropriate. This may include increasing any sanction imposed by the School Fitness to Practise Panel.
- 6.19 The decision of the University Fitness to Practise Panel and the reasons for its decision will be communicated in writing by the Secretary to the student within five working days of the Hearing. The decision of the Panel is final.
- 6.20 The decision of the Panel shall be reported to the School Fitness to Practise Panel, the relevant Board of Examiners and the relevant professional body/regulator as appropriate.

D7 Monitoring, Evaluation and Review

- 7.1 Monitoring and evaluation of these procedures is the responsibility of the Fitness to Practise Appeals Officer, on the basis of information and data supplied by Colleges.
- 7.2 Heads of College will provide the Fitness to Practise Appeals Officer with information annually on the following:
- (a) the number of cases heard by School Fitness to Practise Panels;
 - (b) the reasons for the submission of cases to the School Fitness to Practise Panels;
 - (c) the outcomes of School Fitness to Practise Panels.
- 7.3 The Fitness to Practise Appeals Officer will submit an annual report to Academic Board, together with any recommendations for amendment to the procedures or other action.

D8 Records of Proceedings

- 8.1 Records of any sanctions imposed upon students shall be kept on their personal files held by the University in accordance with Data Protection legislation.
- 8.2 The University reserves the right to amend the Fitness to Practise regulations in light of changes to government policy or changes to professional body/regulator requirements.

Important: the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education (HE)

In accordance with the Higher Education Act 2004, the University subscribes to the rules and procedures of the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for HE (the OIA). The OIA provides an independent scheme for the review of complaints by students against HE institutions at the stage where the internal complaints procedures have been exhausted. The OIA's definition of 'complaints' includes complaints about the final decision of an HE institution's disciplinary or appeal body. It is open to students of the University of Lincoln to ask the OIA to review a final internal disciplinary or appeal decision.

Full information about OIA procedures is available from the University of Lincoln's Students' Union, the University Secretary or the OIA website (www.oiahe.org.uk).

APPENDIX A

Programmes subject to the Fitness to Practise Regulations

BSc (Hons) Acupuncture
BSc (Hons) Herbal Medicine
BSc (Hons) Nursing
BSc (Hons) Social Work
BSc (Hons) Healthcare Science

Master of Pharmacy

MSc Social Work

The University reserves the right to add programmes which are subject to the Fitness to Practise Regulations at any time and as appropriate.

PART E – STUDENT COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

E1 Purpose

The purpose of this procedure is to provide a formal means through which students can channel any complaint they may have about the services provided by the University, and through which the University can resolve such complaints in a fair, open and timely manner.

E2 Principles and Conduct of the Complaints Procedure

The Complaints Procedure will be conducted according to the principles of natural justice, and with the objective of achieving fair and proportionate outcomes. The procedure is underpinned by the following principles:

- that complaints will be made as soon as possible, and will not be raised a long time after the event(s) to which they refer
- that complaints will remain as originally set out; and will not accrete further complaints as proceedings develop
- that all complaints are dealt with in a transparent and timely fashion, and that at any stage resolution is possible via mediation and mutual agreement
- that complaints will not be investigated by anyone who has a personal interest in the outcome
- that all parties will act in good faith and with the aim of achieving a mutually agreed outcome. All parties will recognise that complaints may or may not be upheld – staff will readily acknowledge errors which have occurred, and students will not wilfully refuse to be satisfied with the resolution offered
- that staff and students who are subject to a complaint, or who are responsible for a service complained about, will be informed of this and invited to comment at an early stage
- that appropriate consideration is given to the interests of both complainant and those complained about, with investigations and hearings paying due regard to the right to privacy of those involved. (However, staff and students about whom a complaint has been made will normally have the right to know who is making the complaint).

E3 Scope of the Procedure

- 3.1 This procedure applies to students studying at the University, or through delivery of the University's awards at Partner Colleges or other locations, or through flexible and distance delivery.
- 3.2 For the purpose of this procedure, the term 'student' includes those who have recently left the University. Within the first three months of graduating (at the point where the student is conferred the award at the Graduation Ceremony) or withdrawing from University programmes (at the point where the student has been recorded by the University as having withdrawn), students shall have the opportunity to pursue a complaint through the complaints procedure.

- 3.3 This procedure is to be used for:
- (i) concerns about the provision and delivery of academic programmes and related services
 - (ii) complaints about a student's experiences at the University, including relationships with administrative or support services.
- 3.4 It is not to be used for representations against decisions of Boards of Examiners (governed by the Academic Review and Appeal Procedure) or allegations of misconduct by students and staff (governed by the Disciplinary Procedures) or representations against decisions relating to the release of students from tenancy agreements with the University.
- 3.5 Complaints against the standard of tutoring etc. must be made before the results of examination board deliberations, and cannot be used to lever an appeal against the judgment of the board.

E4 Advice, Guidance and Support

- 4.1 Before making a complaint, students should seek advice and guidance from a trusted source, such as the Students' Union, their Personal Tutor or other academic staff or a member of Student Services. Secretariat staff will be pleased to provide impartial advice on the operation of the Student Complaints Procedure.
- 4.2 Students making a complaint have the right, in all discussions, meetings and hearings, to be accompanied by a member of staff or student of the University or an officer of the Students' Union, who may speak on the students' behalf if they wish.

E5 Informal Resolution

- 5.1 Many of the issues leading to complaints are simple misunderstandings, lack of proper communication, or administrative or process errors, which can be satisfactorily resolved by swift local action. Before any formal process begins, therefore, all parties should try to resolve the matter through informal discussion, mediation and problem-solving.
- 5.2 Students finding themselves with issues to resolve or unhappy about any experience they have had at the University should raise the matter at the earliest opportunity, either directly with those concerned, or with their Personal Tutor or the programme leader. They may also seek the help and advice of the Students' Union. The Students' Union actively encourages students (who may not wish in the first instance to approach tutors or student representatives directly) to contact the Vice President for Academic Affairs to discuss and attempt to resolve the issues informally.

- 5.3 Programme leaders will normally be expected to resolve matters relating to students' programmes at this stage. For matters relating to inter-personal relationships, students might prefer to seek the mediation of their Personal Tutor.
- 5.4 Only when such informal actions have not been sufficient to resolve the matter within a reasonable timescale should students invoke the formal procedure.

E6 Formal Procedure

- 6.1 A student who wishes to make a formal complaint must use the Complaint Form available from Secretariat. The form requires the student to set out the precise events complained of, explain what detrimental effect they had, and the outcome that he or she is seeking. The student will also be asked to say what measures have been taken to attempt to resolve the issues informally. The student must demonstrate the evidence to substantiate the complaint and provide all other relevant material. Issues and evidence that were not introduced at this stage will not normally be accepted for consideration at a subsequent stage of this procedure.
- 6.2 A complaint becomes formal when a completed Complaint Form is received by Secretariat. A member of Secretariat will be appointed as the Student Complaints Officer and will be responsible for co-ordinating the procedure and providing advice to the student and staff involved. Where a complaint is about an administrative or other non-academic matter, the Complaints Officer will advise the student's Head of School if it appears that the issues raised might have an effect on the student's academic work, so that appropriate advice and support can be offered (for instance, about the Extenuating Circumstances Procedure).

E7 Head of School or Service (HoS) stage

- 7.1 The enquiry into the complaint by the Head of School or Head of Service (HoS) is the key stage in the Student Complaints Procedure. The HoS must carry out a thorough, robust and impartial investigation, ensuring that all of the evidence relating to the complaint is examined. The HoS will interview the complainant and, as appropriate, other students and staff identified in the complaint, will carefully consider any documentary evidence, and will seek to reach a fair resolution of the issues.
- 7.2 The HoS will normally conclude the investigation within 20 working days (see also 14.3 below).
- 7.3 The HoS will produce a report, addressing all key aspects of the complaint, and saying whether the complaint is substantiated, in whole or in part, by the available evidence. The report will set out the actions put in place or recommended by the HoS in the light of the investigation and findings. Where the complaint has been fully or partially upheld, the HoS will offer an apology and/or other appropriate remedies.
- 7.4 The HoS will send the report to the Complaints Officer, who will promptly forward it to the student, together with information about the next stages of the Student Complaints Procedure.

- 7.5 Where a complaint about an academic matter has been upheld, the HoS will advise the Head of College as appropriate.
- 7.6 The HoS may nominate a colleague to act on his/her behalf in respect of the HoS stage, but the HoS will retain overall responsibility for the process, which should be completed within the normal timescale, and for the implementation of actions. Nominees must be senior members of staff without any connection to the case; if such cannot be identified in the School or Service, the Head must take the case himself or herself or seek a nominee from another School in the College or another service.

E8 Review stage

- 8.1 A student who has reason to feel that the HoS's investigation and/or report has failed to address material elements of the complaint, or to offer a fair resolution, may request a Review.
- 8.2 A request for Review of a complaint must be submitted on the Complaints Review pro forma (available from Secretariat) and lodged with the Student Complaints Officer within ten working days of the student's receipt of the letter notifying him or her of the outcome of the HoS stage.
- 8.3 The student must include on the Complaints Review pro forma:
- (a) A clear statement as to why the HoS stage was not satisfactory, such as: failure to follow the procedure; failure to consider all of the relevant evidence; findings which are not based on the evidence or are otherwise irrational; or inadequate remedies proposed where a complaint has been upheld.
 - (b) Evidence to support the above statement and substantiate the claimed shortcomings of the HoS stage. Students may not introduce at the Review stage any evidence that was available to them but had not been previously submitted at the Head of School stage.

Defective Complaints Review Requests

- 8.4 Where a Complaints Review request is deficient or defective in terms of the reasons put forward for requesting a Review or the evidence submitted, the Student Complaints Officer will advise the student in writing that the Review may not proceed until the deficiencies or defects have been remedied. The student will have 20 working days to respond to the Student Complaints Officer in a way that resolves the deficiencies or defects.
- 8.5 If, after the 20 working day time limit has expired, the Complaints Review request remains deficient or defective the Student Complaints Officer will advise the student in writing that the Complaints Review will not be considered further.

E9 The Independent Reviewer

- 9.1 When a complete Complaints Review request has been received, the Vice Chancellor will appoint a senior member of staff from outside the student's School, or from a service department other than the one giving rise to the complaint, to act as the Independent Reviewer (IR).
- 9.2 The IR will consider the Complaints Review request and may seek clarification or further information from the student and/or the HoS, who must respond promptly to any such enquiries. The IR will form a view as to the validity of the student's assertion that the HoS stage was defective in some material way and normally conclude the investigation within 10 working days. If the IR considers that the student's assertions have some merit, s/he will refer the matter back to the HoS to address the alleged shortcomings in the original investigation and/or report, or to demonstrate that the HoS stage was carried out satisfactorily in accordance with this Procedure. The HoS will normally be expected to do this within 10 working days of the referral back, and where some further investigation has taken place, will update his/her original report and findings accordingly.
- 9.3 If the IR cannot find good grounds for referring the matter back to the HoS, the Complaints Officer will so inform the student. It will then be open to the student to ask for the matter to be referred to the Standing Complaints Panel (see paragraph 10.1 below). The student will have five working days in which to do this, and must respond to any request by the Complaints Officer for clarification about the areas of dispute and/or the evidence to be examined.
- 9.4 Where the IR has referred the Review request back to the HoS, and has received the HoS's written response in accordance with paragraph 9.2 above, s/he will form a view as to whether the student's concerns, as raised in the Review request, have now been adequately addressed by the HoS. If the IR feels that there are still substantive areas of dispute between the student and the HoS, and evidence capable of being objectively examined, the Complaints Officer will so inform the student and offer to arrange a formal hearing of the case. The student will have five working days in which to request such a hearing.
- 9.5 If the IR feels that the HoS has adequately addressed the concerns raised in the Review request, the Complaints Officer will so inform the student. It will then be open to the student to ask for the matter to be referred to the Standing Complaints Panel. The student will have five working days in which to do this, and must respond to any request by the Complaints Officer for clarification about the areas of dispute and/or the evidence to be examined.

E10 Standing Complaints Panel

- 10.1 The Standing Complaints Panel will comprise three members, including one Student Representative, without any interest or prior involvement in the complaint. The Panel's role is to decide whether there are substantive areas of dispute between the student and the HoS, and evidence capable of being objectively examined, at a formal hearing of the case. The Panel may therefore determine that the student's complaint should be:

- (a) referred directly to a hearing, or
 - (b) closed and the student advised in writing that he or she has exhausted the internal complaints procedure
- 10.2 Following referral by the IR, the Standing Complaints Panel will normally convene and deliver its decision within 15 working days.
- 10.3 The IR will take no part in the decision made by the Standing Complaints Panel and will not be present during its discussions. The Student Complaints Officer will advise the student and the IR of the decision of the Standing Complaints Panel.

E11 The Hearing

- 11.1 The Complaints Board shall comprise:
- (a) a Chair who shall be a member of University staff, nominated by the Vice Chancellor;
 - (b) one senior member of the academic or professional services staff;
 - (c) a student of the University nominated by the President of the Students' Union.

The Secretary of the Complaints Board shall be the Student Complaints Officer.

- 11.2 No member of the Complaints Board shall be a member of the School or professional services area to which the complaint relates or have had any prior involvement or interest in the complaint.
- 11.3 The HoS and the complainant shall attend the hearing. The complainant shall have the right to be accompanied by a member of staff or student of the University (or Partner College) or an officer of the Students' Union.
- 11.4 The Secretary shall give the complainant, HoS and Complaints Board members reasonable notice of the hearing which will normally convene and deliver its decision within 20 working days.
- 11.5 If, for good reason, a complainant or his or her companion (if applicable) is unable to attend a Complaints Hearing at an agreed time and place, the University shall reconvene the meeting on one occasion. If a complainant or his or her companion (if applicable) is unable to attend the rescheduled meeting, the Complaints Hearing may take place *in absentia*.
- 11.6 In reasonable time before the hearing the Secretary shall circulate to the Complaints Board, the complainant and HoS the following documents:
- (a) the complainant's completed pro formas

- (b) the HoS's investigatory report and any subsequent revisions made following Referral Back by the IR
 - (c) the IR's report, if applicable
 - (d) documentary evidence relating to the above
- 11.7 Evidence which was available at the time of the HoS stage of the complaint but was not submitted at the time may not be introduced by either party at the hearing, except at the discretion of the Chair of the Complaints Board.
- 11.8 The Complaints Board will normally be conducted on the basis of written reports and evidence. The decision regarding whether witnesses may give evidence at the Hearing will be solely at the discretion of the Chair of the Complaints Board.

E12 Proceedings at a Complaints Hearing

- 12.1 The sequence at the hearing shall be:
- (a) The complainant shall present his or her case first. If the complainant is accompanied, the companion may present the case on the complainant's behalf.
 - (b) The Complaints Board and the HoS shall then be entitled to ask questions of the complainant and/or companion.
 - (c) The HoS shall next present the case of the School or Service.
 - (d) The Complaints Board and the complainant (and/or companion) shall then be entitled to ask questions of the HoS.
 - (e) The Head of School should next summarise the case of the School or Service.
 - (f) The complainant and/or companion should then summarise the case of the complainant.
 - (g) The Complaints Board shall then reach its decision in private.
- 12.2 The Complaints Board shall uphold, partially uphold or not uphold the complaint and, in addition, make any such recommendations as it considers appropriate. The HoS shall be responsible for ensuring that the Board's recommendations are implemented. Where a complaint about an academic matter has been upheld, the HoS will advise the Head of College as appropriate
- 12.3 The Student Complaints Officer will confirm any decision of the Complaints Board in writing to the student, clearly explaining either what will happen next or issue a 'Completion of Procedures' letter advising the student of the right to refer the matter directly to the Office of the Independent Adjudicator if he or she remains dissatisfied.

E13 Complaints Referred to More Advanced Stages in the Procedure

- 13.1 Some complaints, either by their nature or their gravity, must be referred to a more advanced stage or level of the procedure, or investigated by a member of staff other than the complainant's Head of School or the relevant Head of Service. Examples of these are:
- (a) If the HoS finds, on preliminary enquiry, that a complaint is of a very serious nature, s/he shall consult the Head of College, who may decide to undertake the investigation or to nominate a Head of College to do so
 - (b) If the complaint is about or contains direct criticism of the HoS, the Student Complaints Officer will ask the Head of College or relevant Service Director to nominate another HoS to investigate. This may also happen where the HoS might be perceived as prejudiced on the basis of involvement at a prior stage of consideration of the issues (but this will not normally arise simply due to the HoS having been consulted in an attempt to reach informal resolution)
 - (c) If the complaint is about a Head of College or Pro Vice Chancellor, the Student Complaints Officer will ask the University Registrar to investigate (or to nominate a member of Registry Executive to do so)
 - (d) If the complaint is about a Deputy Vice Chancellor, the Student Complaints Officer will ask the Vice Chancellor to investigate (or to nominate a member of the Senior Management Team (SMT) to do so).
- 13.2 The University Secretary will provide advice and guidance for those considering the propriety of advanced referral.

E14 Timing

- 14.1 The Head of School or Service, Independent Reviewer, Student Complaints Officer or University Secretary as appropriate must ensure that there are no undue delays in progressing any complaint for which they are currently responsible.
- 14.2 The University recognises, however, that not all complaints are amenable to speedy investigation and resolution, and reserves the right to extend the time guidelines where strict adherence might impede the possibility of a fair and just outcome.
- 14.3 At the HoS stage, where a Head of School or Service is not in a position to respond fully to a complainant within 20 working days, s/he will write to the complainant to provide an update on the progress of the investigation and indicating when it is expected that a full response will be made.
- 14.4 Students who have made a formal complaint are responsible for assisting the investigation, at any stage, and must respond in a timely manner to requests for further information or invitations to attend meetings. Where a complainant has, without good reason, failed to respond to such a request or invitation within 20 working days, the HoS or Independent Reviewer or Student Complaints Officer will write again to the student stating a specific deadline for a response and warning

that if none is received the complaint will be regarded as withdrawn and that it may not be revived at a later date.

E15 Students Enrolled on University Awards Delivered at Partner Colleges

- 15.1 Students studying on University awards at Partner Colleges should use the College's own procedures, but have the right to pursue their complaint with the University when the College's procedures have been exhausted. Where a complaint is essentially about an academic matter, the College must also inform the relevant Head of School at the University if the complaint proceeds as far as the final stage of the College's complaints procedure.
- 15.2 A student who is dissatisfied with the outcome of the final stage of the College's complaints procedure may request a review of their complaint by the University by writing to the University Secretary in the first instance.
- 15.3 Partner Colleges must satisfy themselves that appropriate guidance and support is available for students making a complaint.

E16 Third Party and Anonymous Complaints

- 16.1 Students are primarily responsible for making their concerns known themselves and it is preferable for the complainant to handle the complaint himself or herself.
- 16.2 However, a friend, family member or Students' Union representative may act as a Third Party and represent the student provided the complainant gives the University written authority to discuss his or her personal affairs with that person. The complainant will need to ensure that the representative is thoroughly briefed, kept fully informed and is readily accessible. The University will not correspond with both the complainant and the representative.
- 16.3 Anonymous complaints will only be admitted in exceptional circumstances. A complaint made anonymously must be referred to the University Secretary, who will then consider:
 - (a) the gravity of the issues
 - (b) the credibility of the concern
 - (c) the likelihood of confirmation from attributable sources
- 16.4 Where the University Secretary decides that the complaint should be investigated, s/he will refer it to the appropriate HoS.

E17 Monitoring, Evaluation and Review

- 17.1 Monitoring and evaluation of these procedures is the responsibility of a panel comprising the University Registrar, the Director of Student Affairs, a Head of College and the President of the Students' Union.

- 17.2 The panel will meet annually to review complaints submitted during the previous academic year. The review will include:
- (i) the number and range of complaints submitted
 - (ii) the timeliness and security of their resolution
 - (iii) the operation of the procedures
 - (iv) year-on-year comparisons
- 17.3 The review will be informed by annual reports from Colleges and Service Departments, covering all complaints submitted through the formal procedures, and any recurring issue settled by informal intervention before the formal procedures were invoked.
- 17.4 Secretariat will produce an annual report giving an overview of the operation of the Student Complaints Procedure, together with any recommendations for amendment to the procedures, or other action, which will be submitted to Academic Board and the Board of Governors.
- 17.5 The University Secretary and the Secretariat staff are the source of authoritative, formal guidance on the applicability and operation of the Student Complaints Procedure.

Important: the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education (HE)

In accordance with the Higher Education Act 2004, the University subscribes to the rules and procedures of the Office of the Independent Adjudicator for HE (the OIA). The OIA provides an independent scheme for the review of complaints by students against higher education institutions at the stage where the internal complaints procedures have been exhausted. The OIA's definition of 'complaints' includes complaints about the final decision of a higher education institution's disciplinary or appeal body. It is open to students of the University of Lincoln to ask the OIA to review a final internal disciplinary or appeal decision. Full information about OIA procedures is available from the University of Lincoln Students' Union, the University Secretary or the OIA website (www.oiahe.org.uk).

PART F – AUTHORITY TO VARY AND/OR REVOKE AWARDS MADE TO AN INDIVIDUAL

- 1.1 Where a Board of Examiners, having made an award to a student, is satisfied that the attainment of the award involved malpractice, fraud, the commission of an academic offence or other dishonesty, then the Board of Examiners may revoke or vary the award that has been made to the student.
- 1.2 This power may only be exercised once due account has been taken of the evidence and the student concerned has been given the opportunity to address any allegation. Where it is proposed that that an award should be varied or revoked as the result of an academic offence having been commissioned, then the student concerned shall be entitled to be dealt with under the University's procedures for dealing with academic offences. Where recourse to the academic offences procedure is impracticable, then the Board of Examiners shall make the necessary arrangements to satisfy itself that a student has a reasonable opportunity to address the allegation.
- 1.3 In the event of the revocation or variation of an award, the student may have recourse to the University's academic appeals procedures on the same basis as any other student seeking to challenge a decision of a Board of Examiners.
- 1.4 Where the Academic Board is satisfied that any behaviour, whether past or current, on the part of the recipient of an honorary award is likely to bring the University into disrepute, then the Academic Board may revoke the award after consultation with the Board of Governors.

PART G – SPECIAL EXAMINATION BOARDS

- 1.1 A Special Examination Board may be established to review awards made to students in respect of which allegations of malpractice, fraud etc. have been raised.
- 1.2 The Special Examination Board will meet to review the individual student files created for those in receipt of awards. The files will bring together all the available material on each student and will be independently verified before being presented to the Board. The verification will be undertaken by the University Registrar, as the competent authority within the University and having no prior connection with the programme of study. An external academic will be appointed and will be responsible for confirming the robustness of the processes used by the University to create the files, and the soundness of the proposal for each student.
- 1.3 Membership of the Special Examination Board will comprise two senior academics of the University without prior connection to the programme of study and two external examiners, one of whom should have experience of higher education in the country concerned. It will be chaired by a Deputy Vice Chancellor nominated by the Vice Chancellor.
- 1.4 The Special Examination Board will meet as many times as necessary to ensure the awards are properly confirmed.

PART H – ACADEMIC FEES REGULATIONS

H1 Academic fees

- 1.1 For the purposes of the University's Academic Fees Regulations the word 'fees' shall be interpreted as:

'a sum of money due to the University in respect of educational services, that will include tuition (including assessment and examinations), academic supervision, the provision of other academic services and facilities such as library and learning resources, the provision of pastoral and extra-curricular services and the conferment of awards.'

- 1.2 A student shall be liable to pay in full, either before or at enrolment, any fee due to the University.
- 1.3 The University may make an agreement with a student for the payment of fees by instalments.
- 1.4 The University will not be held responsible for any charges incurred by the student should he or she fail to amend or cancel any agreed payment arrangements at least seven days prior to the due date.
- 1.5 The payment of any fee must be made in pounds sterling.

H2 Tuition fees

- 2.1 Tuition fees are fees for registration, enrolment, tuition, assessment, examination and the conferment of an award.
- 2.2 The University shall publish annually a schedule of fees.
- 2.3 Tuition fees for the amounts specified in the schedule of fees are payable each academic session or other relevant period of study as determined by the University.
- 2.4 Prospective students in receipt of an offer of a place and who, for admission, enrolment and tuition fee purposes, are designated overseas students, shall be required to pay a deposit, the level of which, together with the international tuition fee instalment requirements, shall be published by the University Registrar on an annual basis, or the full tuition fee, whichever is the lesser amount.

A Certificate of Acceptance of Studies number, for visa purposes, shall only be issued on receipt of this deposit.

This deposit is non-refundable save under the following circumstances:

- (a) the student fails to meet the conditions of the offer and/or;
- (b) the student fails to obtain a VISA from the appropriate competent authority to travel and study in the UK.

Provision may be included in a formal agreement with an international partner institution for the deposit requirement outlined in this paragraph to be waived in relation to applications submitted in accordance with that agreement.

The Registrar may waive the deposit requirement in the case of applicants who are able to evidence sponsorship by an organisation which is considered acceptable to the University or in exceptional circumstances in the case of individual applicants. The deposit requirement will be waived for students already enrolled on a programme of study either at the University or University of Lincoln International Study Centre.

- 2.5 The process of enrolment of any student will not be complete until all tuition fees have been paid in full, or an approved payment plan for current academic year fees has been agreed with the Finance Officers of the University. A student is required to pay all outstanding tuition fees relating to previous academic years prior to enrolment.
- 2.6 Tuition fees, except in cases where extenuating circumstances have been agreed as applying, are payable by students required or permitted by the Board of Examiners to be reassessed by 'retaking' entire modules or, in the case of research students, to be re-examined for the degree.

Reassessment by 'retaking' complete modules may be with attendance or without attendance, as agreed by the Board of Examiners.

Modules taken as 'retake' assessments are charged at the standard module fee for the course, taking into account the student fees status, and are published annually in the schedule of fees.

- 2.7 The University shall give a discount to any self-financing student who commenced their program prior to academic year 2012/13 and settles in full, prior to or at enrolment, a tuition fee account for which he or she is personally liable, and the payment received is subsequently cleared in full. A schedule of discounts will be reviewed and published annually by the Chief Finance Officer.
- 2.8 A student is personally liable for the full tuition fee for his or her program, save to the extent that the Student Loans Company or other recognised sponsor might pay the fee.
- 2.9 The University relies on information provided by the student to determine the tuition fee to be paid. It is the student's responsibility to ensure that such information is accurate and complete and is supplied at the times required by the University.
- 2.10 A student who knowingly or recklessly tenders false information relating to his or her liability to pay a fee, either personally or via a sponsor, will have breached the University's regulations on student conduct and be subject to the University's disciplinary procedure. This is without prejudice to any rights the University might have in respect of legal proceedings.

H3 Sponsors

- 3.1 The University may agree to accept payment from a sponsor in respect of any part of a fee owed to the University by a student. Only undertakings engaged in the private or public sectors are acceptable as sponsors to the University. An individual who is a member of the student's family is not acceptable as a sponsor. Agreement by the University to accept payment of any part of a tuition fee from a sponsor does not extinguish a student's liability to pay a fee, which shall only terminate when payment is received from the sponsor.
- 3.2 It is the responsibility of the student to demonstrate at enrolment, by way of an official letter, specific to the academic year in question, and printed on appropriate organisational stationery, the existence of any sponsor and the ability of such a sponsor to make a payment in respect of fees. The University, at its discretion, may refuse to recognise a sponsor where reasonable efforts have not established the existence of that sponsor or of the sponsor's ability to make a payment. The University shall notify a student of its decision to reject a sponsor.
- 3.3 Any part of a tuition fee payable by a sponsor must be paid within 30 days of the invoice. Where a sponsor's payment is outstanding more than 30 days, the University shall have direct recourse to the student, who shall be automatically liable for any outstanding sum. This is without prejudice to the University's right to require any sponsor to pay a fee on or before enrolment.

H4 Research students

- 4.1 Research students who have completed the research part of their work, have prepared the first draft thesis and are solely involved in the preparation and refinement of their final thesis for examination may apply to be transferred to 'Thesis Pending Fees Status', a lower fee that recognizes the reduced demand on University facilities.
- 4.2 Thesis Pending Fees Status may only be granted upon completion of the following periods of registration:
 - 2 years for full-time MPhil students
 - 4 years for part-time MPhil students
 - 3 years for full-time PhD students
 - 6 years for part-time PhD students
- 4.3 Thesis Pending Fees Status may only be granted for a maximum of 12 months. Where a student has not completed his or her thesis and submitted for examination within that period, the normal fees regime will apply thereafter.
- 4.4 Research students are eligible to pay tuition fees, according to the published schedule, up until the point of thesis submission. No fees are due between thesis submission and first examination.
- 4.5 Where a research student, following first examination, is given the opportunity to be re-examined for the degree they will be liable to pay fees equivalent to the

Thesis Pending Fees level on a pro rata basis for each full or part month of registration up until the point of resubmission of the revised thesis.

- 4.6 Where a research student, following first examination, is recommended for the award of the degree with either minor amendments or substantive amendments, but is not required to be re-examined, there will be no liability for further tuition fees.

H5 Students withdrawing from a programme of study

- 5.1 Except in the case of Bachelor of Architecture, Master of Architecture and short courses, a student withdrawing from a postgraduate programme of study on a permanent basis within four weeks of their effective start date (see section H6 Glossary), shall not be liable for tuition fees and entitled to have any monies paid refunded in full.
- 5.2 Except in the case of Bachelor of Architecture, Master of Architecture and short courses, a student withdrawing from a postgraduate programme of study on a permanent basis, after week 4 and up to and including week 10 from the effective start date, shall not be liable for tuition fees and entitled to have any monies paid refunded in full but will be liable to pay an administration charge of 25% of the total tuition fee due for the year.
- 5.3 Except in the case of Bachelor of Architecture, Master of Architecture and short courses, a student withdrawing from a postgraduate programme of study on a permanent basis after week 10 from their effective start date, or interrupting studies at any point during the academic year, shall not normally be entitled to a refund of tuition fees and will remain fully liable for any unpaid fees.
- 5.4 Except in the case of short courses, a student interrupting or withdrawing from Bachelor of Architecture, Master of Architecture or any undergraduate programme of study will be liable for tuition fees calculated on a term basis, as follows:
- Interruption/Withdrawal in term 1: 25% of the total tuition fee due for the academic year
Interruption/Withdrawal in term 2: 50% of the total tuition fee due for the academic year
Interruption/Withdrawal in term 3: 100% of the total tuition fee due for the academic year
- 5.5 In addition to the provision of 5.4 above, except in the case of short courses, students enrolling on and subsequently interrupting or withdrawing from Bachelor of Architecture, Master of Architecture and undergraduate programmes of study will be liable for at least 25% of the total due tuition fee for the academic year, even if interruption or withdrawal from study takes place the day after the student's enrolment.
- 5.6 A student who interrupts or withdraws from a short course at FE or HE level will remain liable for the full short course fee, no matter when the interruption or withdrawal takes place.

- 5.7 A student interrupting their studies on a temporary basis shall not normally be entitled to any tuition fee refund but will remain liable for any unpaid fees for the current academic year. Upon returning to study on the same level of the same course, tuition fees will be adjusted to reflect fees already paid for that level of study, as set out in the University Undergraduate and Taught Postgraduate Regulations
- 5.8 A student interrupting their studies on a temporary basis shall not normally be entitled to any tuition fee refund and will remain liable for any unpaid fees for the current academic year. A student who resumes studies in a later academic year at an equivalent point as the original interruption will not be subject to an additional tuition fee charge during the year studies are resumed, save to that calculated as payable in 5.7 above. A student who resumes studies in a later academic year at an earlier point than the original interruption will incur a charge in addition to that calculated as payable in 5.7 above..
- 5.9 Notwithstanding the provision of 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5 and 5.6 above, in exceptional circumstances the University Registrar (or nominee), on receipt of a written request from the student, may waive tuitions fees or an administration charge, in full or in part, for students who have withdrawn on a temporary or permanent basis. All requests for a waiver must be submitted in writing to the Student Administration Manager in the first instance, for subsequent consideration by the University Registrar.

Exceptional circumstances may include:

- i) Death of spouse/long term partner, parent or child;
- ii) Serious physical or mental illness that prevents the student from continuing with his or her studies;
- iii) Serious personal injury that prevents the student from continuing with his or her studies.

The above list is not exhaustive and each request will require the submission of certified medical or other documentary evidence.

- 5.10 The University may agree to give special consideration to the waiving of student fees on a case-by-case basis.

H6 Failure to pay fees

- 6.1 A student who, within 21 days of enrolment, has neither paid their tuition fee in full nor committed to an instalment payment plan, which has been approved by the University Finance Department, or who is in default of a tuition fee instalment payment by 21 days or more, may be suspended by the University Registrar from his or her programme of studies. During the period of such a suspension, a student shall not be entitled to attend classes or lectures or to have access to learning resource facilities or to submit an assessment or to take any examination. Marks that may have been awarded for work submitted during a period of suspension shall be disregarded by the Board of Examiners, who shall treat the work as a non-submission.

- 6.2 A student who has been suspended for default in the payment of a tuition fee may be re-admitted to a programme of study where payment in full of outstanding fees is received within 28 days of the suspension. Where payment is received later than 28 days after the suspension, the student shall be re-admitted in the following academic year at the stage in the programme when the original suspension occurred. This regulation is without prejudice to the Chief Finance Officer's right to make an arrangement for the payment of fees where a student is in default.
- 6.3 Suspension from a programme of studies for non-payment of fees shall not be grounds for the granting of extensions for submission of assessments, nor may the Board of Examiners treat such a suspension as circumstances adversely affecting student performance in assessment.
- 6.4 If, at the end of a level or a stage of a programme of studies, a student is in default of payment of part or all of a relevant tuition fee, whether suspended or not, the University Registrar may withdraw the student from the programme of study, that is, may terminate the student's enrolment.
- 6.5 Where a student wishes to dispute the decision of the University Registrar to suspend or terminate their studies they should make a formal review request in writing to the Deputy Vice Chancellor.
- 6.6 The University may withhold confirmed transcripts of marks and certificates from any student who owes the University money in respect of academic fees. While a student owes the University money in respect of academic fees, the student, regardless of academic performance, shall be ineligible to proceed from one stage or level of a programme to the next or graduate with an academic award of the University.
- 6.7 The University reserves the right to take any reasonable steps to recover any sums due in respect of unpaid academic fees.

H7 Glossary

Academic fees A sum of money due to the University in respect of educational services, that will include tuition (including assessment and examinations), academic supervision, the provision of other academic services and facilities such as library and learning resources, the provision of pastoral and extra-curricular services and the conferment of awards.

Effective start date The effective start date is the formal commencement date for study on the programme on which the student is enrolled and which is confirmed by the receipt and acceptance of a fully completed and signed Enrolment Form and/or agreement to the University's privacy notice online.

For undergraduate students the effective start date for students joining a programme is deemed to be the first day of teaching in week 1 at the beginning of the Academic Year. For students

joining a programme at the beginning of term 2 or term 3 the effective start date is deemed to be the first teaching day of term 2 or term 3 respectively.

For postgraduate students on a taught programme the effective start date is deemed to be the advertised start date or first timetabled teaching event.

For postgraduate research students the effective start date will be agreed in negotiation with the relevant College and confirmed in writing to the student.

Enrolment Enrolment is an agreement between the University and the student under which the University provides a programme of studies and makes available academic services and facilities associated with that programme of study. The student, in signing the enrolment form and/or agreeing to the University's privacy notice online, agrees to certain obligations, including the payment fees for the provision of academic services and facilities associated with the programme of studies.

Where enrolment incorporates completion of an enrolment form, enrolment is not completed until the enrolment form, signed by both parties, has been received by the University.

Short Course A course lasting no more than 10 weeks.

Sponsor A sponsor is a third party that undertakes to pay any part of a fee owed to the University by a student. Only undertakings engaged in the private or public sectors are acceptable as sponsors to the University. This includes the Student Loan Company.

An individual who is a member of the student's family is not acceptable as a sponsor.

It is the responsibility of the student to provide evidence of a sponsor that is prepared to pay fees, or part of a fee, on behalf of that student.

Term A term represents the period of time for each of the three divisions of the academic year (trimester). The length of each term and whether it is deemed term 1, 2 or 3 will depend on the student's programme of study and start date of that programme of study.

Tuition fees A sum of money due to the University in respect of registration, enrolment, tuition, assessment, examination and conferment of an award.

PART I – LIBRARY REGULATIONS

I1 General

- 1.1 These Regulations apply to all materials, facilities and services supplied at or from University and Campus Libraries and to all those using University Library materials, facilities and services.
- 1.2 It is the responsibility of each user to acquaint himself or herself with these Regulations.
- 1.3 The term 'Library' applies to the service department under the management of the University Librarian.
- 1.4 The term 'University and Campus Libraries' applies to all service points under the management of the University Librarian.
- 1.5 The term 'Library Staff' applies to all persons responsible for the operation and management of Library facilities and services.
- 1.6 The term 'material' applies to all types of Library material which may be available for reference or loan.

The term 'equipment' applies to all types of electrical and mechanical equipment provided for use or loan by users of Library facilities and services.
- 1.7 When using the University and Campus Libraries in conjunction with University Information Systems users are covered by the University Information Systems policies. Breach of the Information Systems policies are a breach of the Library Regulations and will be dealt with accordingly.
- 1.8 The term 'user' applies to all University staff, students, other members and visitors to the University and Campus Libraries.

I2 Registration of Students

- 2.1 Enrolled students of the University can apply for registration as Library users.
- 2.2 All employees of the University can apply for registration as a Library user and separate regulations governing the use of the Library exist for staff.
- 2.3 Borrowing materials or equipment is restricted to registered users.
- 2.4 A registered user must not use another user's registration card nor permit or allow another user to use his or her own registration card.

I3 Opening of University and Campus Libraries

- 3.1 Entry to University and Campus Libraries is forbidden outside the published opening times which are displayed in all University and Campus Libraries, in Library guides and on the Library web pages.

I4 Access to Library Facilities and Services

- 4.1 During opening times registered users may access any facilities and services at the University and Campus Libraries. In the case of some facilities and services, priority is given to certain classes of users. Users who experience difficulties due to such arrangements should discuss their case with a member of the centre staff.
- 4.2 Users must comply with instructions given by the Library or Security staff to leave the University and Campus Libraries by the published closing time.

I5 Borrowing Items from the University and Campus Libraries

- 5.1 The number of items (equipment or materials) which each user may borrow at any time is published in Library guides which are available in the University and Campus Libraries and on the Library web pages.
- 5.2 Loan periods for the items can be found in Library guides and on the Library web pages. Special vacation arrangements can be made. Some equipment and some materials are only available for short loan periods. Borrowers may be asked to return materials or equipment before the due date or time if they have been requested by others.
- 5.3 A user may extend his/her loan of any item provided that it is not required by another user. Unless the loan is extended, the item must be returned on or before the due date.
- 5.4 All items must be returned on or before the expiry of the user's registration.
- 5.5 If items are not available in the University, Library staff may agree to obtain them from other sources on behalf of the user. Users must agree to comply with any special loan periods or other conditions and meet the costs which may apply in such cases.
- 5.6 A user must ensure that any item he or she removes from the University and Campus Libraries has been properly issued to him or her.
- 5.7 Loan conditions and periods may be varied at any time at the sole discretion of the University Librarian or nominee.

I6 Conduct of Users

- 6.1 Student users must notify the University of any change of address by altering the Student Personal Details section on the portal.

- 6.2 Each user shall conduct himself/herself with consideration for all other persons within or using the University and Campus Libraries.
- 6.3 Users must comply with instructions from a member of Library or Security staff.
- 6.4 In the University and Campus Libraries where lifts are provided, their use may be limited to particular groups of users (e.g. those with special needs).
- 6.5 Users must leave the building immediately the fire alarm is sounded or when instructed to do so by a member of Library or Security staff. Lifts must not be used during the evacuation of a building.
- 6.6 Smoking is prohibited in all University and Campus Libraries.
- 6.7 Users must conform to rules concerning the consumption of food and drink, displayed in full on University and Campus Libraries notice-boards.
- 6.8 Mobile phones must be used with consideration for other users. On entering University and Campus Libraries, phones must be switched to silent mode, and their use must comply with the regulations for the specific Library area.
- 6.9 Deliberate damage to, or loss of, materials, equipment or furniture is a breach of these regulations and shall be dealt with by the University Librarian or nominee under the appropriate disciplinary procedure. Under such procedures the user may be required to pay for any damage to property he or she has caused, or to recompense the University for any loss it may have suffered or costs incurred arising directly from the user's behaviour.
- 6.10 Actual or attempted unauthorised removal of materials is a breach of these regulations and shall be dealt with by the University Librarian, or nominee under the appropriate disciplinary procedure.
- 6.11 The University accepts no responsibility for personal property lost or damaged on University premises, including in University and Campus Libraries.

17 Fines and the Recovery of Cost for Damaged or Lost Items

- 7.1 Items borrowed from University and Campus Libraries must be returned on or before the date for return. From that date fines shall be charged at the rates published in the University and Campus Libraries and on the Library web pages.
- 7.2 A user who loses a borrowed item or fails to return it to the University or Campus Library will be charged for its replacement.
- 7.3 Access to all Library facilities and services shall be withdrawn from the user until such a fine or any other outstanding Library debt has been paid in full.
- 7.4 The University may withhold confirmed transcripts of marks and certificates from any student who owes the University money in respect of academic fees. While a student owes the University money in respect of academic fees, the student,

regardless of academic performance, shall be ineligible to proceed from one stage or level of a programme to the next or graduate with an academic award of the University.

18 Student Discipline

- 8.1 Failure to observe any of these regulations may result in the withdrawal of access to some or all Library facilities and services. The period of withdrawal shall be at the discretion of the University Librarian or nominee.
- 8.2 Where the University Librarian or nominee deems a breach of these regulations to be minor the procedures under the Informal Stage of the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Procedures shall apply.

The University Librarian or nominee may deal with persistent or serious breaches of these regulations under the Disciplinary Procedures for Students in the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Procedures Regulations.

PART J – STUDENT HEALTH AND SAFETY REGULATIONS

J1 General

Health and Safety information can be obtained from the Health and Safety Department's portal page: <https://portal.lincoln.ac.uk/C1/hs/default.aspx>.

- 1.1 The following regulations are issued in accordance with the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974, and with the Health and Safety Policy of the University. These regulations must be observed by all students. Breach of any health and safety regulations shall be regarded as a serious matter. The offender may be liable to disciplinary action under the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations and/or prosecution under the terms of the Act.
- 1.2 These regulations must be read in conjunction with any College, School, Departmental and University residences Health and Safety Statements of Intent, risk assessments and associated procedures.
- 1.3 Students must take reasonable care for the health and safety of themselves and the health and safety of other persons who may be affected by their acts or omissions.
- 1.4 Students shall co-operate with the University authorities and comply with any reasonable instructions given by a member of staff to enable the University's statutory duties or requirements to be performed or complied with.
- 1.5 Students shall not, intentionally or recklessly, interfere with or misuse anything provided by the University in the interests of health, safety or welfare.
- 1.6 Students shall comply with all written or verbal instructions given to ensure their personal safety and the safety of others.
- 1.7 Students should promptly report any identified faults and damage to the Estates and Commercial Facilities Department by telephoning 01522 886777 or emailing maintenance@lincoln.ac.uk

J2 Accidents

- 2.1 Students must report all accidents and 'near-miss' accidents of which they are aware. Accidents must be reported to the University's Health and Safety Department, via University first aiders, security or the Health and Safety department. <https://portal.lincoln.ac.uk/C1/hs/default.aspx>

J3 Campus Traffic Safety

- 3.1 Cyclists shall only cycle on designated routes. Where these routes cross or use footpaths, priority shall always be given to pedestrians. Cyclists and motor cyclists shall only leave their vehicles in areas designated as cycle parks and should only secure their cycles to the stands provided. Cycles must not obstruct pathways, corridors, doorways or fire escape routes. Access by disabled

persons to the full length of provided handrails, next to paths and walkways must be available at all times. Do not secure your cycles to these, use appropriate cycle sheds and designated areas. Cycles of any description must not be taken in to buildings (other than designated cycle sheds). This regulation equally applies to skateboards, scooters and roller skates/blades.

- 3.2 Students shall familiarise themselves with, and adhere to, the traffic management regulations for all campuses maintained and produced by University Estates and Commercial Facilities Department.

J4 Fire Safety

- 4.1 Students shall not interfere with fire equipment, deface notices or activate false alarms.
- 4.2 Students must carry out the published evacuation procedures which are as follows:

If you discover an indication of fire

Raise the alarm using nearest break glass point.
Ring the fire brigade (999 on payphones, 9-999 on University phones).
Inform security of their observations (88) 6062
Leave the building through nearest available exit.
Proceed to assembly point.
Follow any instructions given by members of staff or fire and rescue service.

If you hear the fire alarm

Leave building immediately through the **nearest available exit** (never assume that an alarm is being tested or is faulty).
Proceed to assembly point.
Follow any instructions given by members of staff or fire and rescue service.

At the Assembly Point

Remain at the assembly point until told otherwise by the fire and rescue service or a senior member of staff.
Do not move your car.
Never re-enter a building until told you can by the fire and rescue service or a member of staff.

The location of assembly points is shown on blue 'Fire Action' notices in each building.

J5 Laboratory and Similar Work

- 5.1 Students may enter and remain in laboratories, workshops or other specialist areas only during times scheduled in the timetable. Entering or being present in laboratories and workshops at any other time is only permitted with the express authority of the staff member in charge of those premises.
- 5.2 If a student is allowed to work unsupervised then he or she must follow the applicable booking in and out procedure. Limitations on the range of activities allowed may apply.

The University's Lone Working Policy must be adhered to and related documentation completed by both the student and the member of staff providing authorisation.

The University's Lone Working policy may be obtained from the following address: <https://portal.lincoln.ac.uk/C1/hs/default.aspx>

- 5.3 Students shall wear protective clothing when instructed to do so. Specialist protective equipment will be provided by the University. In some Colleges / Schools students must provide their own laboratory workshop coats and other protective clothing as specified.
- 5.4 Machines for which guards are provided must only be used with the guards in place.

J6 Personal Electrical Equipment

- 6.1 It is strongly recommended that personal electrical equipment is tested for safety before use at the University. Students may contact the University Estates and Commercial Facilities Department maintenance team to make appropriate arrangements.
- 6.2 Students may only connect electrical equipment, including laptops, to a University power supply with the express authority of a University member of staff.
- 6.3 Electrical cables and leads must not be deployed in such a way as to introduce trip hazards.

J7 Students Not on Campus

- 7.1 Students following a programme of study not based on campus shall comply with the health and safety legislation and regulations in force at their location, whether in the UK or abroad.
- 7.2 Students shall comply with all written or verbal instructions given by their tutors to ensure their personal safety and the safety of others.

J8 Students' Visitors

- 8.1 Students are responsible for the actions of their visitors while their visitors are on campus. Students shall ensure that their visitors fulfil the requirements of these regulations. Breaches of these regulations may lead to action being taken against the student under the University's Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations.
- 8.2 Any visitor may be required to follow an instruction given to them by a member of University staff to ensure their personal safety and the safety of others.
- 8.3 Any visitor may be given an instruction by a member of University staff to leave the University premises.

J9 University Buildings

- 9.1 Students are prohibited from undertaking work of any kind on the fabric or services of University buildings.
- 9.2 Students are prohibited from entering any area or building which has been given over to the control of a building contractor.

J10 University Equipment

- 10.1 Students shall not use any item of fixed or portable machinery or electrical equipment without appropriate authorisation and following receipt of instruction from University staff in the correct method or procedures if necessary.
- 10.2 Students are prohibited from undertaking maintenance or repair work, or making adjustments to any item of fixed or portable equipment. Any faults or suspected hazards must be reported to staff.
- 10.3 No student shall disconnect University electrical equipment from a University power supply without the express authority of a University member of staff.

J11 University Residences

- 11.1 Students shall at all times, whilst in residence in University property, comply with all fire, safety and security procedures as laid down in the conditions of residence.

J12 Breach of Regulations

- 12.1 Students failing to comply with the above health and safety regulations or any associated University health and safety policies may be dealt with under the Student Conduct and Disciplinary Regulations. The University will co-operate with the enforcing authority where a student is alleged to have broken the law in relation to health and safety matters.

PART K – STUDENT CREATED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

K1 Applicable Policies

- 1.1 The University's Policies on Intellectual Property Rights, and on Student Created Intellectual Property, which are published separately, shall apply to all students of the University.

PART L – INFORMATION SYSTEMS REGULATIONS

L1 Applicable Policies

- 1.1 The University's Policies that apply to Information Systems, which are published separately, shall apply to all students of the University as well as other users. It is the responsibility of everyone covered by these policies to read and understand how they apply to them. The policies contain guidance on how to obtain help and advice.

- 1.2 The applicable Information Systems policies can be obtained from the ICT Polices page: www.lincoln.ac.uk/aup